

THE BLACK PANTHER

INTERCOMMUNAL NEWS SERVICE

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY

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VOL. XI NO. 2

SATURDAY, JANUARY 5, 1974

25¢



CALIFORNIA ADULT AUTHORITY RESPONSIBLE FOR PRISON VIOLENCE



[Stateville Prison in Illinois, pictured above, was also recently locked-down for reasons similar to those given to justify the lock-down in California prisons.]

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Editorial

ADULT AUTHORITY REAL CULPRIT IN CALIFORNIA PRISONS

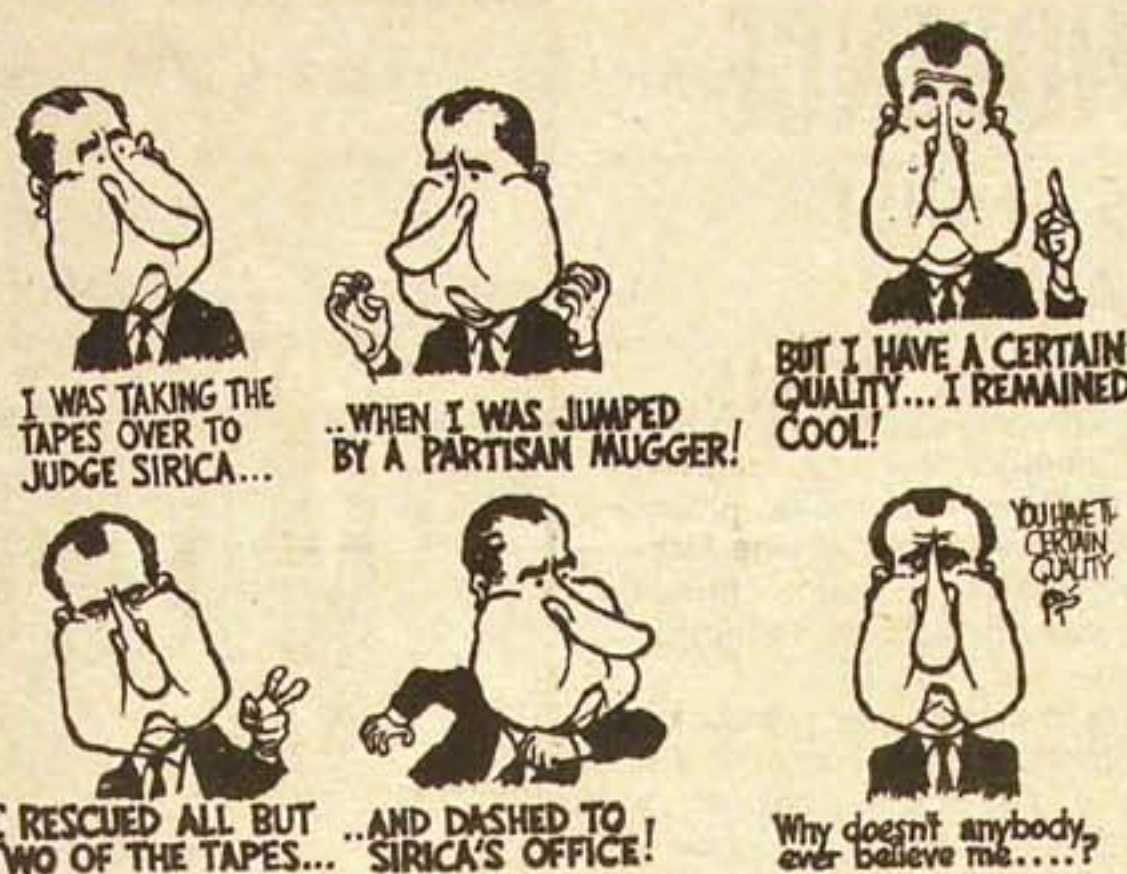
The California prisons lock-down is a direct and violent assault on the constitutional and human rights of the entire prison population of the state. It's primary purpose is to isolate and crush the rapidly growing movements within the prisons against the inhumane conditions of prison life. If continued, it threatens to turn these institutions into bloody battlefields of desperation, violence and death.

Violence in California prisons is the direct result of the desperation and frustration of prison inmates in the face of the wholesale refusal of the California Adult Authority (parole board) to grant parole to deserving inmates. This refusal is responsible for a doubling of the prison population in recent years.

Violence in the prisons is also the result of the desperation of prison inmates in the face of sadistic, racist, frightened guards carrying out orders of uncaring, empire-building prison administrators. "Law and order" advocates outside the prisons conspire with prison administrations to dominate and control the Adult Authority.

These forces want increased violence in California prisons. They care little for the lives of the inmates or the guards. Their interest is to justify their demands for millions upon millions of dollars to build new, electronically rigged, computerized fortresses of confinement, in which modern technology will be used to more efficiently accomplish the dehumanizing of prison inmates.

California citizens, representing the total community, must secure control of the Adult Authority. It must be taken out of the hands of the "law and order" cops that now make up its membership. It must be compelled to recognize that it holds in its hands the key to decreasing and ultimately doing away with violence in California's prisons through depopulating the prisons and humanizing the corrective methods of this state.



Letters to the Editor

Dear Editor,

I am a subscriber to your paper. You are really beautiful people.

I am very much concerned about the prison situation, because I have some one I love very much in Jackson (Michigan) Prison. I am sending this article because I just wonder how many people realize the things that are going on in the prisons in this America that we are supposed to love and respect so much.

Please note: "Upjohn and Parke-Davis have exclusive rights to the use of inmates as experimental material". And of course you know that most of them used in these experiments are Black. Something has to be done, soon, to put an end to this legal murder. How long will society allow it to go on?

If there is any movement going on or being organized to help put an end to this kind of thing, I want to be in on it. All Power To The People!!!!!!

A Soul Sister Who Cares
Chattanooga, Tenn.

(See Article page 6.)

Dear Comrades:

The Black Panther Intercommunal News Service is a vital and pivotal organ in our struggle because it is clarifying and illuminating the path toward liberation by unveiling the true structure of America: a fascist empire that oppresses people all over the world. It helps bring unity to the Third World through publishing current news of the Third World revolutionary liberation struggles. Showing the people the real social forces, the paper is saturating the people with the idea that they must and can be the transformers of society.

Due to the paper, I have been able to widen and heighten my political outlook. The Black Panther Party, with its survival programs, dialectical materialism and the paper, will lead the masses in the direction of seizing the means of production and creating a communist society.

Lasima Tushinde Mbilashaka. (We shall conquer without a doubt).

Pervis Fenner
Mineral Wells, Texas

(The following letter was written by Mrs. Dominique de Menil and sent to the editors of two major newspapers in Houston.)

Dear Editor:

I read in the December 1 Voice of Hope how the Houston Branch of the Black Panther Party is fighting to "arouse public attention to the need for lowering bus fares for senior citizens." I hope many will join in support of the needs of older people.

According to the article, the Panthers and the Senior Citizens Task Force, represented by Annie Bell Fontenot, proposed to the City Council a reduction of the fare from 45c to 15c a ride for people over sixty years of age, the group most highly listed among this nation's poor.

Since the aged can travel at times other than peak hours, the reductions should be restricted to those times, so as not to affect the rush hours. I can only urge others such as myself to sign the petition being circulated, urging the City Council to act on the needs of our senior citizens. The petition can be signed at 2921 Southmore, Houston 77004, 528-1804.

Very truly yours,

Mrs. John de Menil
Menil Foundation Inc.
Houston, Texas

Dear Brothers and Sisters,

I am a prisoner here at the so-called Moberly Training Center for Men, located here at Moberly, Missouri. I am taking advantage of the relaxation of correspondence regulations to write you and express my thanks and appreciation to you the staff of the Black Panther, and the Party for keeping me and many of my brothers who are incarcerated here with me, informed, and up to date on what is going on around us here in Fascist Amerika, and around the world. Many of us had been lulled to sleep by the great deceivers, but thanks to the Black Panther, and the Party, we have now been AWAKENED. Keep up the struggle, and thank you for making me aware of so many very important things. The Black Panther, is shared freely here so that all the Brothers can share your message.

Many Thanks,

E. R. Johnson
Moberly, Missouri

COMMENT

THE GLASS HOUSE TAPES

BY THE C.R.I.C. AND
LOUIS E. TACKWOOD

One of the least mentioned aspects of that complex of political intrigues summed up as the "Watergate affair" is the so-called San Diego conspiracy. San Diego refers to that sunny California city which was originally scheduled as the site of the 1972 Republican National Convention. The conspiracy there was to have been the darkest and most criminal of all: disruption to the point of exploding bombs; repression to the point of a cancellation of the election. Louis Tackwood, the Black agent provocateur whose confessions comprise The Glass House Tapes came to know some of the details of the plan—he was directly involved.

We now come to Tackwood's "San Diego Conspiracy." This weird scenario became known to the world as the Watergate Affair.

TACKWOOD:

"I'm not gonna show C.R.I.C.; I'm not telling nobody all what I got on 'Squad 19' on the San Diego Conspiracy. But I'm gonna show you some of it since it's starting to come out anyway. But I'm not giving up everything because, man, this is my only life insurance, you see where I'm coming from?"

"I'm giving up only two names. There's 'Martin,' and there's 'White.' Alright, now, 'Martin' was the code name for my contact, and I'm gonna tell you he's C.I.A. all the way. Are you ready for this? He was in Dallas when they got Kennedy; he left out of there for the Caribbean. And 'Martin' is in on the cancellation of the election, some way, and in on the concentration camp thing. Do you see what I'm saying?"

"Now the control, the man over 'Martin,' is 'White.' I only heard a little about him but they say he's the money man, nobody's over him but the top dogs. 'Martin' and White, that's all I'm gonna give you now. This is my life insurance."

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THE BLACK PANTHER

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY, 8501 EAST 14th STREET, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94621, TELEPHONE: 434-8330-0195

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CALIFORNIA ADULT AUTHORITY RESPONSIBLE FOR PRISON VIOLENCE

VACAVILLE INMATES INSIST LOCK-DOWN INCREASES TENSIONS AND FRUSTRATIONS

(Vacaville, Calif.) - Vacaville Prison inmates charge that tensions, antagonisms and violence in California prisons is the direct result of the widespread refusal of this state's Adult Authority (parole board) to grant parole dates to deserving inmates. The current, state-wide lock-down will only increase these tensions and antagonisms, and therefore the violence, they assert.

Since the lock-down, guard-inspired violence, the use of tear gas against prison inmates, beatings and forced removals have swept San Quentin Prison. Last

week, another stabbing occurred at Vacaville and mass prison inmate resentment at the lock-down threatens major prison rebellions throughout California prisons.

In recent years the population of California prisons has doubled. This is the result not of a comparable increase of convictions in this state, but rather the refusal of the Adult Authority to grant parole to those entitled to it. "It is forces outside the prisons that are responsible for creating prison problems, Vacaville inmates told THE BLACK



DAVID HILLIARD [left] and BOBBY SEALE.

NEW ATTEMPTS TO FRAME POPEYE JACKSON

CITED FOR PAROLE VIOLATION

(San Francisco, Calif.) - The California Adult Authority is continuing its attack on Wilbert "Popeye" Jackson, chairman of the United Prisoners Union, although he was just acquitted in November of false drug charges.

The Adult Authority is now seeking to violate Popeye's parole, claiming to have "new evidence" - statements from new informers and therefore, new drug charges against him. This information is supposedly unrelated to the previous attempt to revoke Popeye's parole by having police plant heroin in his car while he was under interrogation.

The California Adult Authority is made up of nine men, appointed by the governor, with powers unquestioned by any other agencies. The Adult Authority's decision to send a parolee back to prison is often based on little or no testimony or evidence. A parolee can be returned to complete his sentence for violating conditions of parole such as, getting married without



WILBERT POPEYE JACKSON.

permission, changing addresses, being in "bad" company or being arrested, even if found innocent of all charges.

Although the Adult Authority holds hearings before parole can be revoked, neither the parolee nor his attorney are allowed to be present. Witnesses are called only at the discretion of the Adult Authority. Hearsay evidence or the testimony of an unidentified informer is enough to send a parolee back to prison.

Popeye Jackson's case is scheduled to come before the Adult Authority within ninety days on these "new" violations. Supporting his case is a step towards establishing justice for all prisoners and parolees against the arbitrary Adult Authority decisions.

PANTHER last week. "Even when the prison administrations recommend parole, the Adult Authority refuses; shoots down guys for no apparent reason."

Using political guidelines unrelated to the alleged "crime" committed or the adherence to prison rules and regulations, the Adult Authority keeps men and women inside. And yet, the claim is made that California (and America) has no political prisoners. It is against the rapidly growing movement within the prisons for prison reform that the lock-down is directed.

"REHABILITATION"

Inmates who have successfully completed prison "rehabilitation" programs, STRESS programs, education programs and are recommended for parole by the prison administrations are, in many cases, refused parole by the Adult Authority because these prison inmates have refused to allow themselves to be

dehumanized, because they have asserted their constitutional rights in the interest of reform in American prisons, the Vacaville prison inmates insist.

"We are concerned about guard safety as well as inmate safety", the prison inmates assured us. "But prison administrations appear to be as helpless in the face of the Adult Authority decisions as the prisoners. They (the guards) are forced to contain us inside against any reasonable explanation. Naturally tensions mount, frustrations grow, desperation surfaces."

If some assurance, some hope were given to prison inmates of release, some reasonable idea and expectation that they would be rejoining their families and loved ones, much of the strain of prison life would be lifted, the inmates insist. "We could concern ourselves with creative and productive tasks preparatory to our release."

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FBI INFORMER ORDERED TO TALK IN FRED HAMPTON CASE

(Chicago, Ill.) - A federal judge here has ordered Black FBI informant William O'Neal to testify concerning possible -- and long-suspected -- federal government involvement in the murders of Black Panther Party members Fred Hampton and Mark Clark during an early morning police raid on December 4, 1969.

The ruling orders the government to make O'Neal "available for the court within 30 days" or face contempt charges.

News of O'Neal's covert reports to the FBI on the activities of and within the

Illinois State Chapter of the Black Panther Party, particularly upon the Chapter's young, inspiring leader, Fred Hampton, dramatically coincides with the stinging indictment of the raiding police issued by the Roy Wilkins/Ramsey Clark-led, Commission of Inquiry.

O'Neal's existence as an agent provocateur and his connection with the Hampton - Clark assassination surfaced recently during a highly sensationalized trial and conviction of a Chicago policeman for violating the civil rights of two West Side Black men.

DALLAS CHAPTER OF THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY OPENS

(Dallas, Texas) - The Black Panther Party recently announced the formation of its newest Chapter here in Dallas, bringing with it a host of programs to aid the Black and poor residents of this city.

The new Chapter is adapting the Black Panther Party's over-all Program For Survival (see page 23) to the particular conditions of Dallas' Black and oppressed community. The Chapter promises to be very active politically in this city which is presently run by a non-representative, oppressive city government.

The following statement was issued by the Dallas Chapter of the Black Panther Party in announcing its formation:

"Our purpose in the community is based on it being NECESSARY that oppressed people begin to establish systematic plans and programs for our survival, as well as a strong political program for freedom from oppression.

"Black people make up approximately 28% of the total population in Dallas. This makes us about 300,000 in number here.

oooooooooooooooooooooooooooo



"Until We're Free"

A powerful, yet tender and important new album by Elaine Brown. The songs on the album weave a beautiful tapestry of protest against the quality of life for Black Americans. Listeners will find themselves engulfed in a flow of emotion as Elaine's melodic voice works its magic. Once you have heard "Until We're Free", you will understand why Huey P. Newton says: "A consuming talent, a total dedication and a proven commitment are combined in Elaine Brown, making her the first, genuine People's Artist America has produced."

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July 26, 1972 Survival Day Rally in Houston. Dallas Black Panther Party Chapter is now in the process of implementing such programs.

One third or more of the Black population lives at/or below the federal government's designated poverty level, and the majority of us barely struggle along from payday to payday—never making "ends meet". The Chicano community and poor people of Dallas in general share most of the same problems.

"Our problems cannot be treated as merely individual problems. They are group problems—collective problems. So, there is no other way to struggle for solutions except from a well-organized political base.

"The survival programs that we are organizing will not solve the total problem, but these programs will provide some relief until such time as this society is

rid of economic exploitation and race oppression.

"The rent is too high, pay too low, rats and roaches too plentiful food prices MUCH too high, police too brutal, the courts too unjust, the schools inadequate. For each of our problems we are organizing a constructive program to survive as well as move toward correcting the problem itself.

"Presently we sponsor a Free Legal Aid Program to help those having problems with this corrupt legal system. We have volunteer lawyers and law students who will help people get free legal aid.

"We are beginning a Food Cooperative to provide families with a program for buying food

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GAY PRISONERS' RIGHTS SUIT FILED

(Leavenworth, Kan.) - Two male prisoners have filed a lawsuit challenging the Federal Bureau of Prisons' ban on homosexuality. Larry Howard and Leonard Holiday contend that their constitutional right to freedom of speech was violated when prison officials transferred them from a federal reformatory to separate maximum security federal prisons as punishment for publicly announcing their intention to marry each other after their release from prison.

Howard has been held in solitary confinement since April at the federal penitentiary here. He has lost 20 pounds, developed a rash over most of his body, and has had to be placed on sedatives to control an ulcer. Prison officials say that he is too young to be placed on the main compound of

the Leavenworth prison, which houses mainly older and more hardened prisoners.

The lawsuit has been filed in federal court in Washington, D.C., where Judge Charles Halleck recently ruled that: "the statutory prescription against ... sodomy...is an unconstitutional invasion of the right to privacy."

Prison inmates Howard and Holiday also argue that they have been denied equal protection of laws because of the harshness of their treatment. They point out that, although homosexuality is more or less tolerated in prison, they have been singled out for special punishment.

Their lawsuit seeks to have the court declare that all federal prisoners have the right to engage in consensual sexual acts.

HEARING SET FOR JAN. 10 SUPPORT FOR HOUSTON 12 GROWS

(Houston, Texas) - The Houston 12, eight Mexican-Americans and four Whites arrested October 6 during a police attack on a peaceful demonstration, are all out of jail on reduced bonds as a result of broad political support and generous financial aid.

The Houston 12 Defense Committee is now vigorously rallying support for the defendants in preparation for the preliminary hearing January 10, and subsequent trial on February 25, of the five brothers charged with felonies.

Miguel Triayillo, Jose Berriga, Alex Rodriguez, Bartee Haile and William Christiansen are charged with assault with intent to kill police officers and face sentences from two years to life. The other seven defendants are faced with misdemeanor assault charges.

The twelve were charged with assault although it was the police who attacked the brothers, part of a picket line of fifty unarmed members of Youth Against War and Fascism protesting U.S. involvement in the Middle East War.

The district attorney, Carrol Vance, is spearheading the city's move to railroad the twelve to prison as rapidly as he possibly can. He plans to try the five felony cases first in order to rush their conviction before the effects of slanderous publicity the case has received wears off.

In collusion with the prosecutor, Houston judges have denied motions by the defendants to postpone the trial because biased pretrial publicity by the local establishment press violates their constitutional rights.

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POLICE LIE ABOUT OAKLAND HELICOPTER CRASH

(Oakland, Calif.) - It has now been determined that the Oakland police helicopter which crashed October 2 killing the two officers on board did so because of in-flight engine failure and not because of "sniper bullets" as the police department had claimed.

The findings, made public after a two-month investigation by the National Transportation Safety Board, fully contradicted the local police lie that the helicopter had been downed by a sniper.

YOUTH INSTITUTE'S ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES PROJECT AN EDUCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

(Oakland, Calif.) - The Environmental Studies Project is an innovative and meaningful part of the Intercommunal Youth Institute, a model community-based school in Oakland. Unlike the situation at most other schools, the children at the Youth Institute receive the greater portion of their education through direct experience.

The many and varied field trips under the Environmental Studies Project teach the children about the world by exposing them to numerous learning experiences. In addition, the Project focuses on the development of the students' "internal environment" by introducing them to a number of physical exercise games which induce growth, self-discipline, stamina and strength.

The exercises are taken from a variety of disciplines, including martial arts and yoga. The physical aspect of the program improves the concentration by cultivating the inner environment, which—explains the project's coordinator—consists of peace, knowledge, understanding and love.

The internal self-control, the Project aims to develop, eliminates the need for physical punishment, the instructors point out. The students understand why they should discipline themselves.

All the Intercommunal Youth Institute children, who range in age from two - and - a half to eleven, participate in the field trips of the Environmental Studies Project. The trips take place twice a week, on Wednesdays and Saturdays. A once - a - month overnight trip is also scheduled.



Youth Institute studying nature during a recent field trip.

BLACK WORLD FESTIVAL OF ARTS AND CULTURE SLATED FOR LAGOS, NIGERIA

(Oakland, Calif.) - Black people around the world have begun to prepare for the Second World Black and African Festival of Arts and Culture to be held during November, 1975, in Lagos, Nigeria. Participants will be drawn from at least 37 countries and will represent all art forms -- from dance and drama to hair braiding and rapping. The event is expected to attract an international audience of over 300,000.

In order to participate in the festival at the international level in Nigeria, Bay Area artists will first have to compete on a regional and national level. The Far West Regional Festival will be held in late spring 1974, in Oakland. It will make use of the

Recently, the children spent five days at Santa Monica in southern California, bike riding, at the beach and on a vacation type field trip.

Another recent excursion was to the Black community of Watts, Los Angeles, where a day was spent observing and discussing the area, home of the historically important Watts Riots. While there, the children also saw the Watts Tower, the vicinity's only historic landmark.

Other field trips included, several to San Francisco to the Zoo, Japanese Tea Garden, a wax museum and Golden Gate Park. The Institute students have been to the Marin County Civic Center to see the San Quentin Six trial and to California's Mount Diablo, one of the highest points in the area, which on a clear day offers a view all the way into the state of Nevada.

The students have also visited local attractions, including the Oakland Zoo, the Oakland Museum, Alameda County Courthouse and Lake Merritt. Once, the children camped overnight at Hawridge Camp in Anthony Chabot Park, where they picked

facilities of the Oakland Auditorium, Oakland Museum and Laney College.

The Far West region includes Alaska, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. It is hoped that all Black artists representing all geographical areas of the region will participate.

INDIVIDUALS

From the regional festivals successful individuals and groups will continue on to the National Festival to be hosted by Howard University, in Washington, D.C. In addition to the facilities of the university, the National Festival will also make use of John F. Kennedy Center, the Smithsonian Institute and the National Gallery of Art.

Those who survive the elimination process in Washington, D.C., will represent North America at the International Festival in Nigeria.

The areas of participation in the North American festivals have been divided into four categories. The first is continental African traditional dance, music and religious forms, as they have been transmitted to and translated by African-Americans.

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apples and later they made apple pies.

Planned is a four to six day trip in May to one of the national parks. Parents of the Institute children and other interested community people are welcome to participate in the trips.

At the Intercommunal Youth Institute, the whole world is the children's classroom.

RAY CHARGES CONSPIRACY IN M.L. KING ASSASSINATION

(Nashville, Tenn.) - Breaking five years of silence, James Earl Ray, the convicted killer of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., has accused his former attorney with neglecting to investigate evidence crucial to his case and has filed a \$500,000 federal court suit against the state of Tennessee.

The suit, sent to U.S. District Court here last week, alleges that Percy Foreman, Ray's one - time defense attorney, failed to investigate the telephone numbers of two Louisiana men given to him by his client.

Although Ray did not specify the names of the two men nor divulge the telephone numbers, the suit charged that:

"...the resident listed under the Baton Rouge number was a parish official under the influence of a Teamsters Union official in the Baton Rouge area and that the resident listed under the New Orleans area was, among other things, an agent of a Mideast-oriented organization disturbed because of Dr. Martin Luther King's reported forthcoming, before his death, public support of the Palestine Arab cause."

Ray at first pleaded guilty to the charge of assassinating Dr. King, but later denied the charge saying that he had been coerced into making his original plea.

Dr. King was fatally shot while standing on a Memphis hotel balcony on April 4, 1968. He was in Memphis at the time to lend his support to a strike by garbage workers belonging to the Teamsters Union.

The murderer's quick departure from the scene and the huge sums of money provided for Ray's flight to Canada and beyond indicated to many that more than just one man was involved in the assassination plot, although the government did nothing to investigate that probability.

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LEAVENWORTH PRISONER'S SUIT DISMISSED

(Leavenworth, Kansas) - A suit by 16 Leavenworth prison inmates charging the prison with maintaining inhuman living conditions in the "hole" (solitary confinement area), denying inmates their First Amendment rights and the right to due process, was summarily dismissed by Judge Wesley E. Brown, on October 30, in U.S. District Court in Kansas City.

Many of the prison inmates who filed the suit had participated in a July 31 rebellion inside Leavenworth, in which four guards were held hostage inside the prison laundry for 10 hours and another guard was killed in a separate, but related, incident. The rebellion was to protest the murders of prison inmates Richard Presley and Anderson Stewart by prison hospital officials.

A committee of three Black, three White and three Chicano inmates negotiated the hostage guards' release.

On August 22, Odell Bennett, a member of the committee who was scheduled to testify in district court to eight cases of prison abuse, was digitally raped, brutally beaten and indicted for allegedly assaulting the guards and inciting to mutiny.

VETERAN ORGANIZER

On October 11, Alf Hill, founder of the Leavenworth Chapter of Vietnam Veterans Against the War, was attacked in the hallway of the hole after leaving the committee room. He suffered a broken nose, contusions and multiple bruises. He was also charged with assault and inciting to mutiny.

Another committee member, Alfred Jasper, was indicted for inciting to mutiny during the beating of Hill.

It was against this background that the suit by the 16 prison inmates was summarily dismissed. An October 30 article in the *Kansas City Star* began by quoting U.S. marshals as saying, "These 16 inmates are the most dangerous men in America". This highly-charged atmosphere permitted the judge to casually dismiss the prisoner's suit.

Even before the prisoners reached the hearing, however, the repressive machinery of the state sprang into action.

When four of the brothers objected to receiving rectal searches, the guards forced them to submit and beat them. One



Inmates have grown desperate trying to better inhuman conditions within prison.

brother, Ernest Norman, bleeding from the face, had to be dragged and carried to the bus.

At the federal building in Kansas City, site of the hearing, 13 guards armed with shotguns,

rifles and sawed-off carbines were assigned to watch the 16, who were bound with handcuffs, waist chains and leg irons. They were immediately separated into two groups.

Before the hearing started the U.S. Marshal of Kansas testified that he wanted only four of the prisoners allowed in the courtroom at a time and the others could listen over a loudspeaker. Judge Brown agreed, thus denying the brothers the right to attend their own hearing.

In response the brothers decided they would all go into the court together or not at all. After four hours of discussion on this matter between judge, prisoners and lawyers, the judge dismissed the hearing. Attorneys for the prisoners subsequently filed an appeal.

On November 23, the grand jury met in Kansas City to investigate the July 31 rebellion and to hand down possible criminal indictments. This added to the already-charged atmosphere and further reduced the chances of ever getting a jury not influenced by anti-prisoner propaganda.

DRUG COMPANIES EXPERIMENT ON PRISONERS

(Jackson Prison, Michigan) - One often hears of the cruel, inhuman and often murderous medical experiments performed by Nazi doctors upon inmates in concentration camps during World War II. Thirty years later these experiments continue on an even wider scale. The doctors that legally experiment on human guinea pigs are employed by the giant drug companies in this country. The modern-day victims are also in concentration camps -- the prisons all across America.

All prescription drugs must be tested before they are marketed and the majority of that testing is done on the prisoners, most of them Black and poor. The prisoners "volunteer" and are often coerced into submission to the drug experimentation by prison officials who profit tremendously from fees paid by pharmaceutical firms for "use" of the prisoners.

The vast majority of drugs tested, more than 90%, never get into medical practice because they are too toxic (poisonous). The side-effects caused by these drugs range from minor discomfort -- such as headaches, nausea or drowsiness -- to serious medical problems like vomiting, severe pain, fever, hemorrhaging, loss of hair, fingernails and teeth, bone deterioration, nerve

damage, heart disease, cancer and often, death.

Virtually every major drug company is involved in prisoner research: Wyeth, Lederle, Bristol-Meyers, Squibb, Merck Sharp and Dohme, Upjohn, and Parke-Davis. One drug research outfit pays the California Department of Corrections \$15,000 per year for the use of inmates at Vacaville (Medical Facility) Prison. Upjohn and Parke-Davis have acquired exclusive rights to the use of inmates as "experimental material" here at Jackson Prison. The two companies maintain fully equipped laboratories worth over a half million dollars inside the prison, the largest walled prison in the world.

Drug studies on inmates have involved: injecting prisoners with blood infected with leukemia, inducing cholera, typhoid fever and malaria, and even inducing scurvy in Iowa inmates by eliminating all vitamin C from their diets.

HOUSTON 12

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 4

The defense committee is asking all concerned with averting this blatant infringement of human rights to support the Houston 12 in the long court battle ahead. They are asking everyone to attend the pretrial hearing on January 10-11, and the trial February 25. Both will be held in the court of Judge Wallace Moore on the third floor of the Family Law Center in Houston.

ASSISTANCE

They are also requesting financial assistance to aid in paying legal expenses and asking that letters be sent to District Attorney Vance, Police Chief Herman Short and Mayor Louie Welch demanding that the charges be dropped against these twelve young men. Of prime importance is spreading the news of this attack on civil liberties in order to counter the lies and gross distortion of the Houston mass media.

Drug companies prefer inmates for testing because they can pay them only \$5 - 10 per week, about 10% of what it would cost them on the outside. Prisoners can be controlled and observed easier, and news of deaths and bodily damages from experiments rarely spread beyond the walls of the repressive institutions. "Volunteers" are also easier to find.

Due to recent adverse publicity of their inhumane testing practices, drug companies are worried that public outcry will bring a ban to such testing. Holding true to the racist path of this country's capitalists, drug companies are now planning large scale experiments on the populations of certain Third World countries.

In 1947, fifteen German doctors were convicted by the Nuremberg War Crimes Tribunal of criminal responsibility for cruel and murderous medical experimentation on concentration camp inmates. It is time for the American people to accuse the U.S. penal system and the drug companies here of these same crimes and put a stop to the use of imprisoned men as guinea pigs.

OAKLAND FREE BUSING TO PRISON SCHEDULE

EVERY SUNDAY -

Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center Departing Time - 10:15a.m.

From Son of Man Temple 6118 E. 14th Street

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WINDSOR PRISON, VT.

PRISON GUARD DOPE RING EXPOSED

(Windsor, Vermont) - In October of 1973, Windsor State Prison was the site of a week-long strike by the prisoners in C Block. In the aftermath of this strike, it was revealed that a tape exists documenting the presence of a narcotic ring among the guards. The strike and the startling revelation came after a series of moves and counter-moves within the prison.

On the one hand, there was Warden Julius Moeykens' apparent attempts to confiscate and hide the tapes, in addition to his futile try at stifling the formation of a prisoner's union by the men at Windsor.

LOCK-UP

On the other hand, there was the prisoners' struggle to work collectively to establish basic human rights in the prison and bring to the public's attention -- through the tapes -- the true inner workings and management of a so-called "correctional institution", supported by their tax funds. To this end, the men in C Block at Windsor formed the Vermont Prisoners' Solidarity Committee (VPSC).

At Windsor Prison, October 1973, will not be forgotten:

On October 10, the administration of Windsor ordered a lock-up of the entire prison population because of an alleged escape attempt by two men. The escape attempt served as an excuse for a contraband shake-down in the prison.

According to a VPSC press release, October 12, 1973: "They have seized legal documents that are the personal belongings of C Block residents in an attempt to cover-up what could bloom into a massive departmental scandal. These documents, along with tape recordings, clearly expose a narcotics ring operated by officers (in the prison)..."

On October 15, a meeting was scheduled for members of the Liaison Committee (prisoners representing B and C Blocks) and the warden. This committee originated as a result of a July 8, 1973, riot at Windsor. Representing C Block were: B. Woodsman-sie, F. LeBlanc, D. Allen, and J. W. Clothey, Jr.

GUARD CONFESSES

GETS "SADISTIC PLEASURE" BEATING PRISONERS

(Springfield, Mo.) - John Ellis Lawson, Jr., a prison inmate at the U.S. Medical Center for Federal Prisoners, wrote of the following article which he released to the press: "This statement was dictated to me, John Ellis Lawson, Jr., #29926-138, on November 26, 1973. I swear under oath not to divulge the rank or name of the officer who gave it to me... There are others who would like to follow suit, but are afraid, due to the repercussions from the administration, unless they are assured protection."

Excerpts from this amazingly frank prison guard's statement follows:

□□□□□□

"You will probably wonder why I agreed to be interviewed by this inmate at the Medical Center. It's not an easy question to answer, unless you could say I saw something of a 'spiritual righteousness' in Mr. Lawson that I haven't seen in any other prisoner as long as I have been here, which has been quite some time. Mr. Lawson reminds me a great deal of the ancient Holy Man, and I find it hard to find



Prison guards: cruelty is their business.

such as him in an institution such as this.

"Mr. Lawson first came to me in March of this year, 1973, and

asked me a simple question, 'Why are all of you so revengeful?' I laughed in his face and didn't give him an answer because I thought then that he was only trying to be smart and difficult. But I never forgot what he said. It bugged me a long time until, one day, when I saw through the smoke screen of importance that had been placed on me, and realized for the first time that the people we dealt with daily were human, after all.

"Before, when we beat them, I felt only a glow of sadistic pleasure that kept me blind with joy these many years. They were animals and we were their keepers. I felt no remorse when asked to substitute water for pain shots that the doctor had ordered for a convict's pain. I felt no shame when I was selected to put a home-made knife in his locker while pretending to shake-down his locker and bed. I felt neglected if I was not asked to destroy pictures of his family and friends, or his important legal papers that might deliver him from this man-made hell. Yes, it was pleasure until Mr. Lawson arrived on the scene.

"At first I didn't like him. I looked down upon as an invalid that had come to the Medical Center, as so many others had, to die, and I relished the thought on more than one occasion that I would have the pleasure of putting him out of his misery. As far as we were concerned he was dead already. He had had eight major operations and his stomach would swell to unsafe proportions. It was only just a matter of time -- or so we thought.

"But this guy was tough. He was a fighter and I know now that we underestimated his strength, both mental and physical. His only fault was, he was a do-gooder. He would help anyone at any time, ill or not. I guess that's when I started to respond to the psychology that he lived day by day.

"I thought at first that there was nothing that one guard could do, but Mr. Lawson made me aware that there was something that could be done by me and all other guards that had been used to our breaking points by the racists and mad men that run our prisons throughout America; men who sit back and order us to beat men to death and cover for our actions by double-talk and scare tactics on the inmate population. Men die while we sit idly by and watch, while we hold the medication that might save their lives, and we are congratulated for our non-action.

"If I live 200 years I will never forget their cries. Nor can I forget

BARBEE COMMENTS

THE MYTH OF UPWARD MOBILITY

Wisconsin State Assemblyman Lloyd A. Barbee is setting an example for other Black elected officials with his biting public comments as well as his progressive representation of the people of Milwaukee in the state legislature. Here, Rep. Barbee comments on the unequal distribution of wealth in America and urges Black people to remedy this situation.



LLOYD A. BARBEE

(Milwaukee, Wisc.) - When pseudo-intellectuals and crass materialists talk about upward mobility they should check with Professor of Religion at Temple University, Reverend John C. Raines, who said that "there is less upward mobility than an expanding Gross National Product." This is so from my observation except for wealthy people who are either near or at the top.

In 1949, 1% of the American population owned 21% of the total personal wealth of the country. By 1959, 1% of the people owned 30% of the wealth and in 1969, 1% owned 40%. In 1973, 1% owns close to 50%.

No doubt readers of this comment recall Ben Watenberg and Richard Scammon reporting that a majority of Black Americans achieved middle class financial status this year. They use an \$8,000.00 family income standard for defining middle

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FAVORABLE DECISION LIKELY FOR STRIKING WOODCUTTERS

(Estabuchie, Miss.) - Lawyers representing the Gulfcoast Pulpwood Association (GPA) are anticipating a favorable decision following their recent presentation before the federal 5th Circuit Court of Appeals in New Orleans on December 11. Yet, even if they are successful and the lower court's decision not to issue a preliminary injunction is upheld, striking woodcutters throughout the South will have won only a minor victory in their continuing struggle for union representation and a decent standard of living.

At present, the GPA is involved in five separate but associated legal battles.

The GPA is managing to keep a clear perspective of their goals. As they point out in their latest newsletter: "None of these struggles (the lawsuits) is primary for GPA or its membership; their struggle is with the giant monopolistic paper industry. That industry exploits woodcutter labor and is presently seeking the aid of state and national government so that their exploitation may continue unchecked."

"SECONDARY STRUGGLES"

The biggest and undoubtedly most important of these "five secondary struggles" for the GPA is the case presently pending decision in the 5th Circuit Court of Appeals. This battle pits the GPA against the two giants in the paper industry, Scott and International Paper.

The legal battle began less than a week after the woodcutters began their most recent strike against the pulp and paper mills on September 7. (In the fall of 1971, a three-month long strike won meager benefits for the woodcutters. However, runaway inflation eroded the gains in less than a year.

On September 12, federal judge Virgil Pittman in Mobile, Alabama, granted Scott and International and their local dealers temporary restraining orders against GPA picketing. The following week, however, at a hearing called by Judge Pittman, it was determined that the woodcutters were "de facto" employees of the dealers rather than independent contractors. Consequently, Pittman ordered that the companies request for a temporary injunction be denied and that as of September 28, the restraining order was lifted.

No definitive court decisions have been handed down in the

other GPA law battles, which include ones against Allied Paper Company and two Scott International dealers in the Alabama court cases and St. Regis Paper

Company in Escambia County, Florida.

GPA has also announced that NLRB union authorization cards have been sent out to all GPA locals. Once filled out and collected, these cards will be filed with the NLRB for a decision on whether to order an election making the GPA the bargaining agent for the woodcutters.



Woodcutters on strike. Victories are expected.



An estimated 200,000 schoolchildren across the U.S. have been given the drug, ritalin, to stop so-called hyperactivity.

RITALIN DRUGS NO SOLUTION FOR INFERIOR EDUCATION

(New York, N.Y.) - Sweden and Japan have banned the manufacture of the drug ritalin because of the extensive illicit use of this stimulant. In the U.S., however, ritalin is prescribed to children in an often vain effort to cover-up a variety of social and educational ills.

Many children who are so-called "hyperactive" or have a condition called "minimal brain dysfunction" (MBD) often annoy their parents or teachers when they don't want to take time with them and have little patience. Many of these children are now being drugged with ritalin in order to slow them down.

As a recent medical journal puts it, "When the parent turns to the drug solution, the child-rearing responsibility is avoided,

and when the teacher does the same, then the development of effective teaching for problem children is less likely."

It is estimated that between 150,000 to 200,000 children in this country are being treated with the stimulants ritalin and amphetamine for "behavior disorders". An unknown, additional number are being treated with various tranquilizers for the same reason.

Children who don't pay attention in class, can't sit still, won't take naps, and are said to be disruptive rarely have concrete neurological problems. In a reasonably-sized class, with a teacher who cares about children and keeps the class creative and interesting, these same children suddenly turn out to have pheno-

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PEOPLE'S PERSPECTIVE

PUERTO RICO U.S. COLONY

(United Nations, N.Y.) - The United Nations recently voted 104 to 5, with 19 abstentions, to declare Puerto Rico a U.S. colony. The resolution, initially adopted by the UN Committee for Decolonization, affirms the "inalienable right of the Puerto Rican people to self-determination and independence". Voting against the resolution were France, Britain, South Africa, Portugal and the U.S., which objected to it as an intrusion into their "internal affairs".

ATTICA SPEAKERS BUREAU FORMED

(Buffalo, N.Y.) - The newly-formed Attica Brothers Speakers Bureau will educate the public about what happened at Attica, why it happened and what has been happening as a result of the 1971 massacre. Organizations, community groups and schools can have an indicted Attica inmate, an observer of the rebellion or Attica defense lawyer to speak. The bureau also has a color film, *Attica*, which vividly portrays the conditions at Attica. For further information, contact Ann Clark, Attica Brothers Speakers Bureau, 1370 Main, Buffalo, New York 14209. Call: (716) 884-4423.

SATELLITES TRANSMIT MILITARY MESSAGE

(Washington, D.C.) - Twin switchboard satellites were recently launched by the U.S. into synchronized orbits on opposite sides of the earth (22,300 miles high), so that secret messages could be transmitted around the world by the American military.

SOCIAL PROGRAMS FUNDS RELEASED

(Washington, D.C.) - President Nixon recently released \$1.1 billion in education and health money that he had previously been refusing to spend in a major dispute with Congress over executive privilege and the level of financing. Nixon released the funds after signing a bill appropriating \$32.9 billion for programs under the Health, Education and Welfare Department and the Labor Department.

1968 HOOVER MEMO RELEASED -- FBI ORDERED TO DISRUPT NEW LEFT

(Washington, D.C.) - Issued sometime in the spring of 1968, the communique began:

"COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM

"INTERNAL SECURITY

"DISRUPTION OF THE NEW LEFT

"Effective immediately, the Bureau is instituting a Counterintelligence Program directed against the New Left Movement and its Key Activists...

"The purpose of this program is to expose, disrupt, and otherwise neutralize the activities of the various New Left organizations, their leadership and adherents..."

It ended with a moral imperative:

"...Law and order is mandatory for any civilized society to survive. Therefore, you must approach this new endeavor with a forward look, enthusiasm and interest in order to accomplish our responsibilities. The importance of this new endeavor cannot and will not be overlooked."

Sent by then F.B.I. Director J. Edgar Hoover to all F.B.I. bureau offices throughout the country, the communique officially established the policy of all federal law enforcement personnel towards the young, predominantly White student movement which arose during the late 1960s—infiltrate, disrupt, repress.

FULL TEXT

Although its existence was staunchly denied for years, on December 6 the F.B.I. surprisingly released the full text of the 1968 communique as well as another dated April 28, 1971, which discontinued all "COINTELPROS" (counterintelligence programs) operated by the F.B.I. They were released only after N.B.C. newsman Carl Stern filed suit against the Justice Department under the Freedom of Information Act.

While the implementation of the 1971 communique is certainly questionable, the F.B.I.'s zeal in accomplishing the "responsibilities" outlined in the 1968 message is well known.

Specifically, the communique demanded: "On or before June 1, 1968, all offices are to submit to the Bureau a detailed analysis of

potential counterintelligence action against New Left organizations and Key Activists within their respective territories...

"Commencing July 1, 1968, and every three months thereafter, each participating office should submit...

"1. Potential Counterintelligence Action;

"2. Pending Counterintelligence Action;

"3. Tangible Results.

"The organizations and activists who spout revolution and unlawfully challenge society to obtain their demands must not only be contained, but must be neutralized..."

□□□

Backed by Robert Mardian at the Internal Security Division of the Justice Department, "neutralization" generally took the form of the infamous radical "conspiracies" which always drew big headlines but never any convictions. At other times, "neutralization" took harsher forms, such as N.Y. construction workers beating up anti-war protestors and the killing of students at Kent State University.

The directive from Hoover to organize America's attack against the New Left paralleled the "search and destroy" program to wipe out the Black Panther Party. Proof of its past existence only confirms our worse fears about tomorrow.



Police confronting draft protestors during Stop the Draft Week. It was part of the plan to destroy the left.



Instead of quality education, many American schoolchildren receive ritalin, the oppressor's solution for slow learners.

RITALIN

CONTINUED FROM LAST PAGE

menal powers of concentration. Those children who do have mild neurological or psychological problems are not adequately helped in the mass production effort to treat hundreds of "hyperactive" children.

Some psychologists say that as many as 5% of our children are "hyperactive". One survey showed that nine-tenths of all doctors prescribe drugs for behavior control in children. Another study showed that 2% to 4% of the children in one urban area were treated with such drugs at some time. In light of these facts does it seem probable that only 27 children in the entire Oakland school system are administered ritalin? Yet, this is the claim of the Oakland School Board.

What are the lifelong effects of a child's pulse rate being increased 15 beats per minute when he's taking ritalin? What are the psychological effects of the hallucinations sometimes caused by ritalin in children.

Do these drugs accomplish what they are supposed to do? A

recent article in the *New England Journal of Medicine* says, "Successfully treated children do more of their assigned work in class, but one may question whether this is a truly important goal; doing assigned work is not the same as learning."

There is no clear evidence that ritalin and amphetamine, which are addictive in adults, are not addictive in children, as often claimed. There are no adequate studies on future drug use by children who are administered these drugs at an early age. If they have been raised to depend on chemical solutions, why should they distinguish between the prescription drug and the illicit drugs that are available?

Many children are slighted and abused in our society by an educational system which often takes too little time to develop creative skills and, instead demands rigid conformity. Many are forced to indulge in chemical solutions for, what are, in fact, society.

[THE BLACK PANTHER would like to thank Ms. Selina Bendix and Grassroots for the information in this article.]

SANITATION CREW CUTS PROTESTED

(Wilmington, Del.) - Over 150 sanitation workers grouped in front of City Hall recently to protest a 40% cut in the size of sanitation crews. The protest was supported by the local NAACP Chapter, the International Longshoremen's Association, and friends and families of the workers. The employees were protesting plans by Wilmington Mayor Tom Maloney to cut the mostly Black sanitation truck crews, from five to only three men, and still require the same amount of work.

G.I.s ON U.S. IMPERIALISM

OKINAWA SOLDIERS ASK, "WHY ARE WE HERE?"

THE BLACK PANTHER reprints below an editorial which appeared in Omega Press, a progressive newspaper published underground by U.S. military personnel stationed on the island of Okinawa, located off the coast of Japan and the People's Republic of China. While addressed to their fellow servicemen and women, the views on imperialism expressed in this statement are surely meant for us all:

As we sit here in Okinawa eating our Thanksgiving and Christmas dinners, most of us are thinking, Why am I here? Why aren't I back home? Good questions.

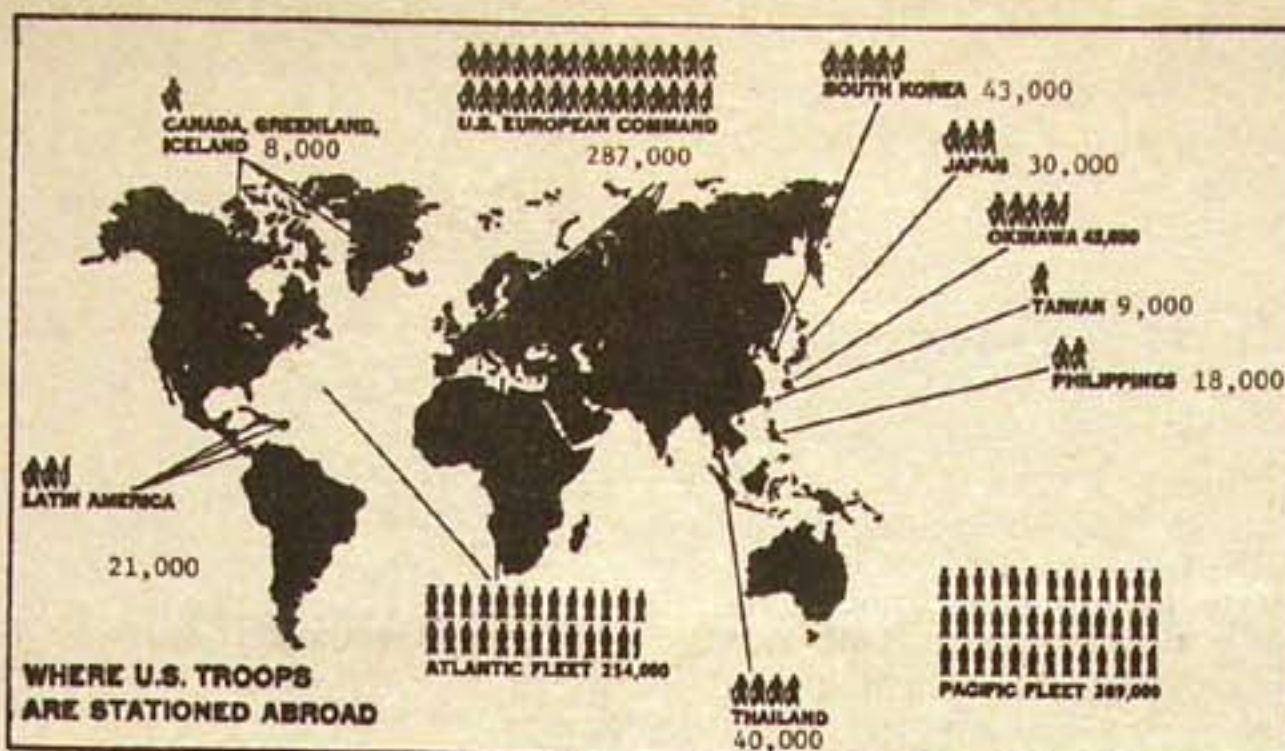
When Nixon, Kissinger and their buddies sit down to their holiday dinners, they'll be saying, Thank goodness our boys are over there, otherwise how could we be stuffing our faces with all this expensive food from all over the world? The reason that all of us are over here and Nixon and company are getting fat back in the states, is U.S. Imperialism, the main focus of this issue of the *Omega Press*.

GROWING UP

What is U.S. imperialism? When we were growing up we learned that one of the great strengths of America was that it was self-sufficient. It had lots of land and great natural resources. But in order to maintain itself it had to continually grow larger. So the country spread across to the Pacific. Then where? We began to take over the rest of the world.

We learn now that we get rubber from Malaysia, coffee from South America, pineapples from the Philippines, and oil from the Mideast. But we don't just buy these products; we go into the countries and set up plantations, factories, etc., which own the products and keep the profits from their sale. We expect that the people of these countries will work for us, listen to us, and fulfill our needs.

We want them to follow our example in everything from American style clothes to American



The U.S. sends troops all over the world to carry out its imperialistic designs. However, a growing awareness in the military is making this more difficult.

music. And if they refuse to do this we are taught that not only is it our right but it is our obligation to make sure that these countries stay in American hands. The military is used as the ultimate threat to countries which might step out of line.

And we are here in Okinawa not to defend our own country in case of attack, but because our being here protects American interests in Asia.

The past 10 years have showed that the trend is turning against America; that people all around the world are demanding an end to the imperialist system. Vietnam proved that people are not going to let bombs destroy their desire for freedom.

This in turn has had a definite effect on American troops. Enlisted people learned that even the American military couldn't win a war against a determined people. As a result they're not as willing to fight. So the military has reasoned that it must come down harder on the "em's" to "motivate" them. The snuffies and peons must become total automatons, willing to do what they are told no matter what.

On Okinawa this means that GIs will not be allowed to leaflet or petition Congress on or off base; they will be further illegally hassled about material that they carry on base that informs them of their legal rights; that Blacks especially will be hassled about dapping and other expressions of unity.

The military wants to do to the enlisted men what they want the enlisted men to do to the people of the world. It wants to stamp out our will for individuality and freedom, and because it gets harder to do that, they will keep trying all the more.

But they're fighting a losing battle!

GUARD CONFESSION

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7

the sane men that we made insane by huge injections of thorazine and other mood and behavior modification drugs that we were told to administer. The human vegetables pass like a lost convoy through the memory patterns of my mind and I weep.

"Before you pass judgement on me, think of all the others that are led through the maze of life by the bigots that control our society. I realize now that there is an untapped abundance of tolerance at the Medical Center; artists of high esteem, painting or writing their hearts out, trying to be heard, then to be treated by the power structure as inhuman and unworthy of their place or role in life. Trying not to be victimized by the misfits of society that take jobs to demonstrate their manhood or power over those less fortunate than themselves.

DEADLY MYTHS

"I think it is time that the deadly myths surrounding prisons should be dissolved, and that the truth should at least be known about those who will never see the outside again, but who haven't lost hope, and those transient few that are overly punished by unfit judges who seek revenge instead of rehabilitation.

"We, as correctional officers, are the real criminals, and the official cloud in which we hide makes our transgressions legal and above reproach. But we are not alone in our reign of terror, because without the taxpayer we would be powerless to play the role of God over those who are warehoused as time bombs in America's prisons.

INSIDE OUT

NIXON'S #1 BLACK CAPITALIST GETS 3 YEARS

Dr. Thomas Matthew, the man Richard Nixon called a "prime example of Black capitalism" (See *THE BLACK PANTHER*, "Inside Out" of December 22, 1973), was sentenced last week to up to three years in jail for misuse of Medicaid funds.

The 49-year-old neurosurgeon, whose jail term on income tax evasion charges was commuted by Nixon four years ago, said he would appeal the sentence. The sentence was handed down by New York Supreme Court Judge Thomas Argresta in Queens. Matthew was released on \$25,000 bail.

Matthew gained national attention as a strong supporter of Nixon and as the head of the National Economic Growth and Reconstruction Organization (NEGRO). He was charged with 71 counts of grand larceny stemming from the misuse of funds slated for the Black "self-help" programs of NEGRO.

"Do you think that what happened at Attica, or other prisons, was not called for or provoked? It is only logical that when a long string of abuses happens to anyone, they will fight back; and welcome death as the alternative to the misery that goes along with prison life. Perhaps it is too late now for me to have remorse and perhaps not. But I can truthfully say that if we, as correctional officers—and this goes for the administrators as well—continue on our present course, we are headed for troubled times. Riots and mass murders will be commonplace and the convicts will be right in seeking to abolish the torment that plagues them daily. They will be right in fighting for justice and the principle of democracy. They will be right, according to the U.S. Constitution, handed down by their forefathers as well as ours, to assure relief for their suffering..."

IN SEARCH OF COMMON GROUND

CONVERSATIONS WITH
ERIK H. ERIKSON
AND HUEY P. NEWTON

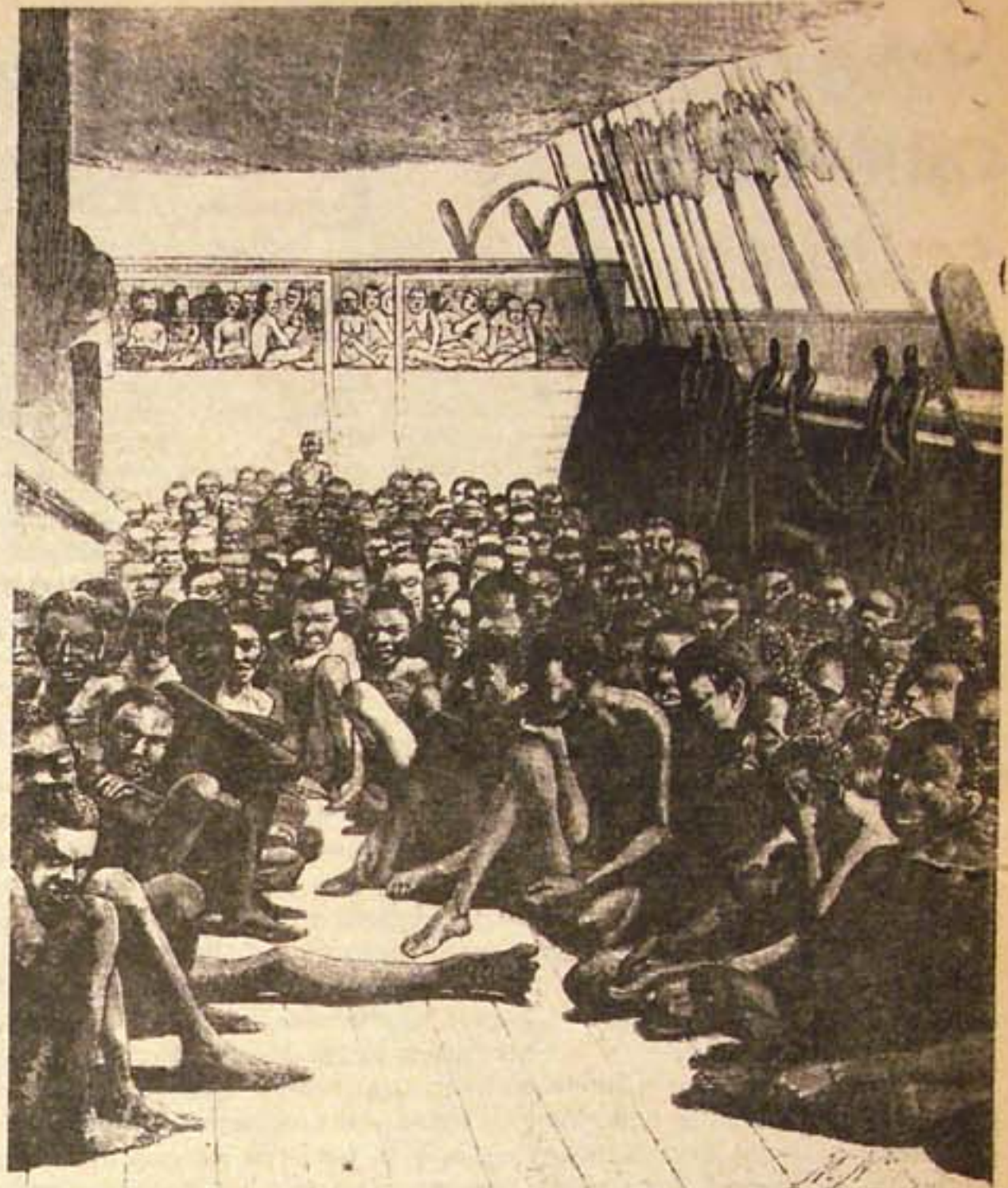
Concluding his brilliant essay "The Wider Identity", Erik H. Erikson, Professor of Human Development and Psychiatry at Harvard University, summarizes his understanding of a future "world-wide identity" among humankind. Erickson's views were not dissimilar from the views of the young man with whom he was engaged in debate, Huey P. Newton, leading theoretician of the Black Panther Party. The text of their conversations, *In Search of Common Ground*, is available at local bookstores.

At any rate, that some young Americans and Japanese, French and Germans, feel closer to one another than they feel to their parent generations, who so recently made war on each other, is a highly hopeful sign. It means that a new revolutionary spirit can count on a common technology and communication, a joint fund of information and education, all transcending mutual nationalist isolation and the corporate structures of their individual societies. What holds them together is both the sense of a world community interconnected by technological means and a sense of an immediate if sometimes passing community not larger than a concrete, visible, and touchable circle of individuals. This, somehow, will be the basic dialectics of a culture design, and political organization must sooner or later adapt to it.

INTERCOMMUNALISM

But what does all this have to do with intercommunalism, what with that ubiquitous phrase "human beings," and what with a new "consciousness"—the last two, incidentally, being implicitly reactionary concepts insofar as they assume as already given what must be struggled for in detailed and sometimes shocking ways? And most of all with a deep responsibility for the next generation already concretely about us: the future, it seems, is so often sacrificed to the rhetoric of an immediate sense of liberation which often is nothing but what I would call an indefinite moratorium, an indefinite delay of adult responsibility. We will, therefore, be intensely interested in Huey Newton's neighborhood activities, and in his educational philosophy. What he calls reactionary intercommunalism may, on the other hand, have to do with the persistent danger that people will always again be divided into new kinds of pseudospecies which defiantly uphold their "inborn" or "earned" right to consider themselves the dominant species on earth—even, it seems, rights once earned through revolutions and liberations.

Would you like to interrupt me here? Or shall I go on and say one more word which may really be my conclusion? It is about the



Engraving of slaves being shipped to America.

United States, which has brought together such people as us—immigrants and descendants of immigrants, Blacks and descendants of slaves—which is to say both people with a maximum sense of having been free to come here and people with a maximum sense of having been forced to come here and having remained unfree. Nothing could divide the respective identities of different people more than the sense of free choice and the sense of being without it; and yet, by the mere dialectics of living here for generations, does not the American Black "belong" here more than anywhere else?

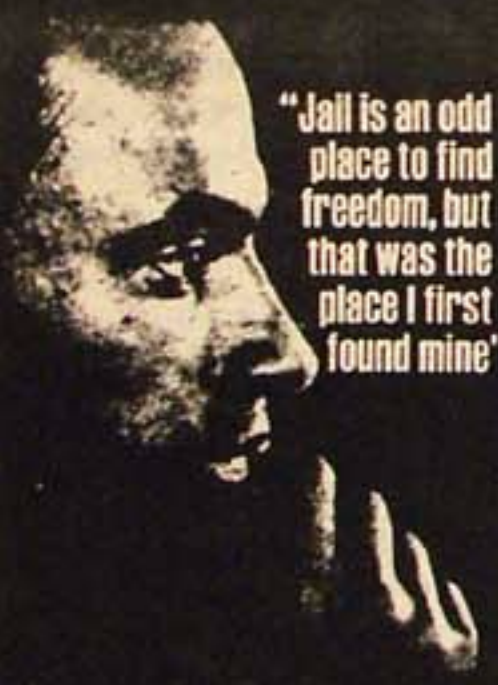
Now what, then, does the American identity stand for? As you know, for the longest time this country has prided itself, beside technical know-how, on having a "way of life." To be an American citizen meant first of all to be part of a wider identity than any of the constituent identities brought along by the immigrants. But this wider identity improvised and sported by the first second generation still was balanced by a communal life of great intensity, often clustered around the original immigrants or, for that matter, the migrants to the West. But the American identity was always characterized by an openness toward the future, by an emphasis on what each individual and each group might yet become—and not on

where it came from or what it was. This resulted in what to other countries appeared to be an adolescent stance, as if Americans felt that an all too early and all too well defined adulthood meant to look too much like the immigrant parents. In the meantime, it was the women's job to keep "the boys" in line. It was the readiness to readjust and to start anew that was the test of character for many. This, of course, happened to fit the spread of the industrial civilization on this vast continent—the very civilization which America, when it became an empire, imported into the old countries and especially to our former enemies.

Incidentally, is "empire" the right word? It conjures up the Roman Empire or the British Empire, and having just studied the way Gandhi, the separatist within that empire, became a nationalist and internationalist, I would rather call America a World Technocracy which imports to her world markets also a technocratic identity. And that identity, before our eyes and within ourselves, has become so standardized, so role-determined, so bureaucratized, that the stance of making like a forever new kind of people turns at times into a caricature, not related anymore to concrete conditions.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 21

REVOLUTIONARY SUICIDE



"Jail is an odd place to find freedom, but that was the place I first found mine"

Huey P. Newton

With power and passion, the co-founder of the Black Panther Party tells his life story. Here is the dynamic account of the making of a revolutionary. Boyhood amid a deeply religious and loving family. Adolescence as thief, hustler, ghetto-survivor. Murder trial for the death of a policeman—a cause celebre that inspired the militant cry "Free Huey." Conviction. Imprisonment. And final exoneration. Huey P. Newton's autobiography "in a most moving sense is a testament to the black American's pain and dilemma in the 1970s." —Publishers Weekly

24 pages of photographs \$8.95

To purchase this book, send \$8.95 in cash or money order to: Central Distribution, 8501 E. 14th Street, Oakland, California 94621. Also available by Huey P. Newton: To Die For The People. \$1.95.

Harcourt Brace Jovanovich

NIXON IGNORES SENATE COMMITTEE SUBPOENA

(Washington, D.C.) - Chief Executive Richard Nixon will not publicly release transcripts or summaries of presidential tape recordings and will resist attempts by the Senate Watergate Committee to obtain such materials, White House sources said recently. The White House ruled out public disclosure of Mr. Nixon's Watergate conversations because in the words of one source, "Most of the public and news media would read the transcripts and conclude that the President was involved in a conspiracy".

At a minimum, the sources said, the tapes show that the President was aware that there was an organized effort last year to deceive the public and "contain" Watergate because it represented a threat to Mr. Nixon's re-election in 1972. The sources emphasized that the transcripts also reveal embarrassing language and attitudes on the part of the President. One source said they demonstrate Mr. Nixon's reported concern with "petty" political retributions. Another said: "There are a lot of really nasty comments about individuals."

However, the most damaging material to the President is not necessarily contained in the seven tape recordings already turned over to the Watergate special prosecutor, but lies within the tapes of 486 White House meetings and several hundred supporting documents concerning the Watergate break-in, contributions to Nixon's re-election drive and campaign "dirty tricks", recently subpoenaed by the Senate Watergate Committee.



The subpoenas were the result of a bill passed by Congress giving the courts authority to enforce the Watergate Committee's subpoenas. Attempting to head off more controversy, the President grudgingly let the bill become law, reasoning that "a veto would be misunderstood". Despite his refusal to veto the bill, Nixon has decided to resist the Senate request at all costs—by either ignoring it or staving off its demands by engaging in protracted court battle.

As the Watergate furnace gets hotter, the President is increasingly being forced to adopt a new strategy—a strategy aimed less at regaining public support than avoiding impeachment or forced resignation. "Operation Candor", Nixon's campaign to aggressively defend himself publicly against charges arising from the Watergate scandals, has virtually ended.

The President is now afraid to face the people. He has backed into a little corner of the White House in an attempt to wait out the crisis. Maybe he doesn't yet believe it, but the moving men will soon be upon him to carry him out. When they do, a shame of America will be ended.

BOSTON BICENTENNIAL DEMO.

40,000 DEMAND "DUMP NIXON, NOT TEA"

(Boston, Mass.) - A crowd estimated by Boston police as up to 40,000 people chanting "Down With King Richard" and "Freeze Profits, Not People" descended upon the site of the Boston Tea Party to celebrate its 200th anniversary on December 16. The demonstrators, responding to a call by the People's Bicentennial Commission, braved cold winds, snow and freezing rain to call for Nixon's impeachment and to protest the skyrocketing profits made by huge oil companies off the energy crisis.

The day's activities began with a noon impeachment rally, also called by the People's Bicentennial Commission (PBC), at historic Faneuil Hall in downtown Boston. Faneuil Hall was the site of many community meetings that led up to the original Boston Tea Party, and eventually the American Revolution.

An overflow crowd of 1,000 people jammed the hall to hear speakers detail Nixon's list of impeachable offenses and cite examples of the enormous financial gains made by oil companies off the present fuel shortages.

Meanwhile, outside the hall a throng of over 1,500 people who couldn't gain entrance chanted, sang songs and were entertained by brief theater bits performed by the People's Bicentennial Theater Group.

When the rally inside had ended the demonstrators joined for a march to the site of the original Tea Party. Winding through the streets of Boston, past landmarks of the

struggle against British tyrannical rule 200 years ago, the crowd remained in good spirits despite icy weather.

Each bank—and there were several—along the march route was decorated by the demonstrators with the quote, attributed to Thomas Jefferson, "Banks are more dangerous than standing armies". By the time the marchers reached the dock area, where a re-enactment of the Tea Party was being carried out by city government, they numbered over ten thousand and were still growing.



Participants of the People's Bicentennial Oil Party send Nixon sailing to his last crisis—the gallows.

The city bicentennial group, "Boston 200", carried out their planned re-enactment using members of the Charlestown militia to board a 76-foot replica of an 18th century sailing ship and throw wooden crates overboard.

Then a flotilla of small boats sailed into the area where the replica ship was docked. In one boat was a person with a huge five-foot high Nixon mask on. On the other boats were banners reading, "Put Heat on the Oil Companies", "Dump Nixon, Not Tea", "The Spirit of '76 Lives", and others.

Then, from a powerful sound system, a member of the People's Bicentennial Commission asked: "How many people think he (the Nixon figure in the boat) should be taken to the boat and hung?" An enormous cheer broke out from the demonstrators. "Is anyone opposed?", the voice asked. There was silence.

Then, the Nixon effigy was taken aboard the replica ship, tarred and feathered and hung along with other effigies labeled: EXXON, GULF, SHELL, MOBILE, and other oil companies. The Nixon figure wore on its head a crown bejeweled with the emblems of ITT, Exxon and other huge companies.

When the People's Bicentennial landing party boarded the ship for the hangings, they dumped empty oil drums over the side in an action they referred to as "The Boston Oil Party." The PBC event swamped the city's re-enactment since almost all of the crowd—estimated by Police Deputy Supt. Joseph Sala at 35,000 to 40,000—was there to put the finger on Nixon and the big oil companies.

For the PBC, a radical group formed over a year ago to counter the government's bicentennial activities, the demonstration was a victory in the first battle for control of American Revolution II.



Demonstrators tarring and feathering Nixon effigy at Boston Tea Party anniversary celebration.

The People's Bicentennial Commission's activities to date have included a traveling theater group, a monthly newspaper, widely distributed books offering re-interpretations of American history from a radical point of view and radio slots syndicated on 600 stations. They will continue to organize actions around revolutionary events up through 1976.

For more information about PBC write: People's Bicentennial Commission, 1346 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C., or call (202) 833-9122.

[THE BLACK PANTHER thanks Liberation News Service for this account of impeachment activities in Boston.]

OPERATION GEMSTONE: "THE GREAT WATERGATE CONSPIRACY"

By CRIC and Donald Freed

Operation Gemstone: The Great Watergate Conspiracy is a major book being completed by the Citizen's Research Investigation Committee of Los Angeles. THE BLACK PANTHER has been given exclusive pre-publication rights to print excerpts from this valuable work.

Last week's excerpt told of Nixon's early involvement in organized crime and political sabotage in Cuba. This week's continues the gruesome story.

In 1955, Nixon made another visit to Cuba, this time to pin an award on the Cuban dictator Batista at his private palace.

Meyer Lansky's Havana gambling honeymoon ended on New Year's eve, 1958. Cuban revolutionary forces drove Batista from Cuba. Lansky was in Cuba at the same time and fled to Florida. Frank Sturgis, who had overseen the Cuban casinos briefly under the new Castro government, also left Cuba in the middle of 1959. George Smathers helped Sturgis obtain his U.S. citizenship.

Richard Nixon and George Smathers had both built their political careers on strident anti-communism. With the success of the



Slain Chilean president SALVADOR ALLENDE (left) and Cuban leader FIDEL CASTRO embrace.

Cuban revolution, the new government of Fidel Castro became a strategic target. Nixon was the "action man" for the Bay of Pigs invasion planned while he was Vice-President during

the final months of Eisenhower's administration. Smathers was also a close friend of John Kennedy and was one of the new President's most hawkish advisors on the Cuban question, urging on the young President the assassination of Fidel Castro. When the invasion was finally carried out, old CIA hands E. Howard Hunt and Bernard Barker were heavily involved. What is less well known is that a number of Lansky people were also involved in the counter-revolutionary invasion. Mob figure John Roselli was hired by the CIA to find someone to assassinate Fidel Castro on the eve of the invasion. The plan was never carried out. Meyer Lansky also had a \$1 million "contract" out on Castro's life, and later, according to the chief investigator for Robert F. Kennedy's crime strike force, on the Attorney General himself. Sharing the "contract" was the Teamster's Union. Another faithful Lansky man, Joe Rivers, was waiting in the Bahamas ready to return to Cuba to re-establish mob operations if the invasion succeeded. His wait was in vain.

More than ten years later, the same Crime Syndicate was making covert contributions to the same Richard Nixon to finance secret operations by the same CIA operatives E. Howard Hunt and Bernard Barker, but this time aimed at the electoral process inside the United States.

After the Cuban revolution forced the National Crime Syndicate's gambling operations out of Cuba, the focus of the Mob's Caribbean activities shifted to the Bahamas.

In 1960, Meyer Lansky met with the Bahama's Minister of Finance and Tourism, Sir Stafford Sands, and convinced him of the desirability of setting up gambling casinos on the islands. Wallace Groves, a Canadian businessman who had served jail time in the U.S. for his fraudulent dealings, began setting up the Bahamas Amusement Company for Lansky. Eventually, three casinos were established on the islands. Lou Chesler, another Canadian and associate of Lansky in earlier deals, also became a front man for the Bahamian operations.

Chesler contributed \$14,000 to the 1960 Nixon campaign and travelled with the candidate on the campaign trail. He also contributed to Nixon's 1968 campaign. The Bahamas became a substitute for Nixon's earlier Cuban vacation junkets; between 1960 and 1962, Nixon made three trips to the islands.

By the middle sixties, public attention began to focus on underworld activities in the Bahamas and in 1967 a Royal Commission was set up to investigate. In testimony before the Commission, Max Courteney, a Lansky associate, told the story of his long bookmaking career. Among the extensive list of names of his clientele was none other than Richard M. Nixon.

The Commission uncovered still another Nixon link to the Bahamas Mob operations. It involves a rather innocuously named Tampa, Florida firm, the "Mary Carter Paint Company".

The company was a front for organized crime operations. In 1965 Lansky front man Wallace Groves, in a joint venture with the Mary Carter Paint Company, set up a new series of casinos in the Bahamas. At the 1967 opening of one of the new clubs, the Nassau Bay Club, Richard Nixon was guest of honor. The owners of another Mary Carter casino offered the use of their facilities to the Nixon campaign during the 1968 Republican Convention. Although



Nixon chose to remain in Key Biscayne, several Nixon staff members did accept the offer.

The Mary Carter Paint Company became Resorts International in 1969 and hired a man named James Golden as deputy director of security. Golden's references were unique. He had served as a Secret Service guard for Nixon when he was Vice President, and was staff security chief for Nixon in 1968. As head of security for Nixon's 1959 trip to Russia, Golden allowed Frank Vitale, one of the biggest West Coast bootleggers, onto Nixon's special plane to Moscow.

After his defeats in the 1960 and 1962 elections, Richard Nixon entered private law practice and turned his attention to various land investment schemes in Florida with his friend Bebe Rebozo. Nixon left the Vice Presidency with \$49,000; by the time he was President eight years later, he was an extremely wealthy man.

Nixon began acquiring land around 1962 through Fisher Island, Inc., an investment syndicate owning 220 acres of undeveloped land near Miami Beach. The head of the syndicate was Bebe Rebozo. The success of the real estate operation depended on the public financing of a causeway to the island which would require considerable political wheeling and dealing.

IMPEACH NIXON



Members of the radical Citizens Research and Investigation Committee with LOUIS TACKWOOD [center in white coat].

THE GLASS HOUSE TAPES

By C.R.I.C. and Louis E. Tackwood

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2

Eight months after that tape was made by Louis E. Tackwood two mystery men were catapulted into the headlines. Their names were McCord and Hunt. Their various code names included "Martin" and "White." These names were used by several operatives.

The Watergate Affair began on June 17, 1972, with arrest of five men in the Democratic National Committee offices located in the Watergate Hotel, Washington, D.C. (the home of John and Martha Mitchell).

A million-dollar suit was placed against the Committee for the Re-election of the President for compensatory and punitive damages to the Democratic headquarters.

Charges in the suit may include unlawful interception of wire communications as well as unlawful possession of wire devices and burglary.

The Associated Press reported,

"The Committee for the Re-election of the President was worried that a hearing on a suit involved in the break-in and bugging attempt could cause incalculable damage to President Nixon's campaign.

"The Committee asked a U.S. District Court to postpone suit against the Committee until after the November 7th election.

"To hear the case before the election, the Committee said, could deter campaign workers and contributions, force dis-

closure of confidential information and provide the Democrats with a reason to hold a news conference."

What was actually happening at the Democratic National Convention headquarters? Electronic devices were involved but that seems to be the least serious activity. Within six weeks of the first arrests it was known that at least twelve men and \$114,000 were involved; this was obviously not a "bugging" budget or squad. The invaders were discovered putting forged documents of some kind in files, not taking papers out. They were not burglars. These were only the first major contradictions.

RUBBER GLOVES

The men, wearing evening clothes and rubber gloves, carried electronic devices so sophisticated that according to the *New York Daily News* they could have been used for "months" without detection. (These veteran clandestine operatives are the same men that sources close to the White House called "circus tramps" and "burglars.") Also in the team's possession were "incendiary and bomb manufacturing devices and implements," according to the Washington police. They had previously planted a supersensitive listening device in a fire alarm box. The men had been in the Democratic Committee offices before and the listening devices were still working. In fact, as they broke and entered, another team of agents was dismantling a listening post in a motel across the street from the Watergate complex.

One thing was perfectly clear: this espionage mission was involved with far more than eavesdropping. As the investigation of the event unfolded during the 1972 presidential campaign, it became clear that Watergate was but the tip of the iceberg. Hundreds of thousands of dollars and scores of men were revealed as part of a national network for political espionage, sabotage and provocation. The contacts for the provocateurs who were recruited turned out to be men from the White House, some of the President's closest advisors.

As each of the upper echelon operatives involved are introduced, it is important to remember that all of these men were hired by the White House to "protect" secrets like the Pentagon Papers from reaching the public.

Soon other names were revealed by the national press. In order to make sense of the information reaching the public it is necessary for a research group like C.R.I.C. to add further facts and to use some of the structural nomenclature of what is called in intelligence work, "clandestine operations." Here, then, was the chain of command as it emerged during the 1972 presidential campaign.

Charles W. Colson ["Case Officer"]: Replacement to Murray Chotiner as Nixon hatchet man in charge of such tasks as placing advertising, in 1970, accusing Democratic candidates for office of being advocates of everything from narcotics addiction to immediate surrender in Vietnam.

Secret planner for extreme right-wing leader Reverend Carl O. McIntyre. Liaison for pro-war organizing between McIntyre, Marshal Ky, the U.S. Embassy in Saigon and the White House.

G. Gordon Liddy ["Financial Conduit"]: General counsel of the Committee for the Re-election of the President. Supervisor for secret \$10,000,000 campaign fund.

Former F.B.I. Special Agent. Received nine telephone calls from Miami "contract agents" before break-in.

TO BE CONTINUED NEXT WEEK



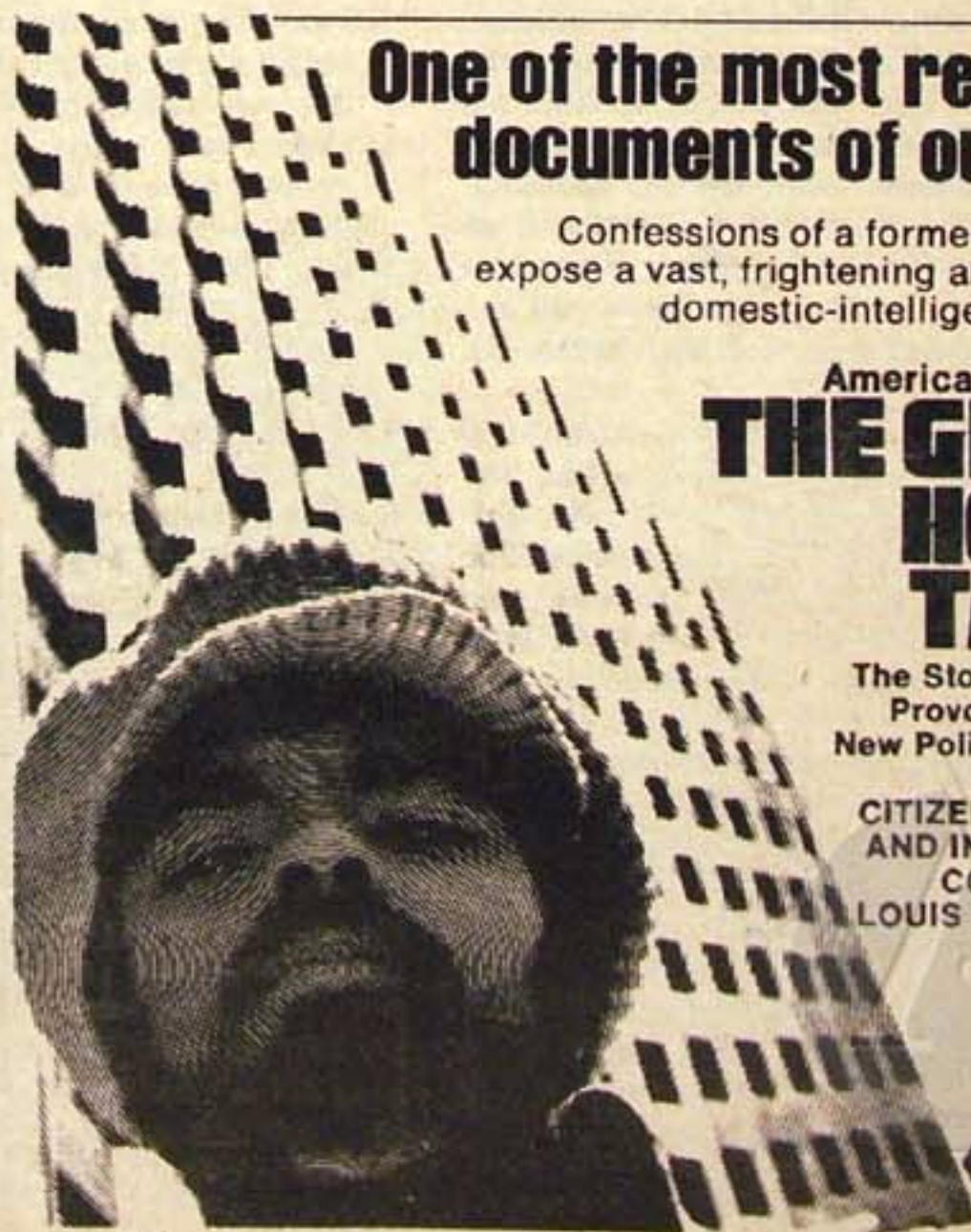
LOUISE E. TACKWOOD.

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PEOPLE'S CHINA AIDS TANZANIA IN NEW JET BASE CONSTRUCTION

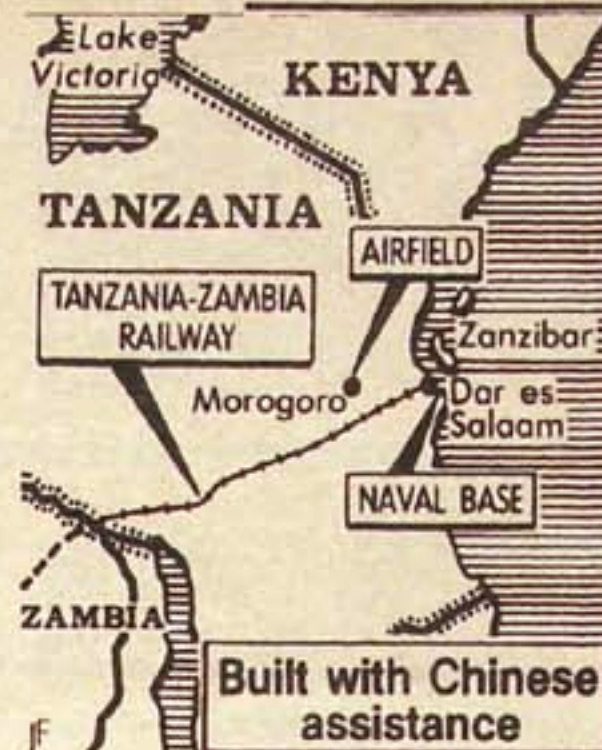
(Dar es Salaam, Tanzania) - U.S. diplomats have begun to express their annoyance and anger at Tanzania's growing military capability and China's contributions to its growth. This could be read between the lines of a dispatch that appeared in *The Christian Science Monitor* on December 26, by its correspondent here, Henry S. Hayward.

The annoyance arises out of the assumption that Chinese assistance is aimed at providing what Hayward calls a "foothold" in Tanzania to carry out political action "in two directions where conflict in the years ahead remains a possibility. One is

southern Africa, the other the Horn of Africa, which controls the entrance to the Red Sea and thus one of the main approaches to the Middle East", he writes.

The dispatch reports the completion of a new military airfield at Morogoro, about 100 miles west of Dar es Salaam, capable of handling MIG-type jet aircraft. Built with Chinese assistance, Hayward reports that "according to reliable informants", the field has already been supplied with MIG jet fighters manufactured in China.

Hayward writes that one of his spy "sources" indicated that approximately 20 MIG-17's and



Map of Tanzania showing military airfield that has U.S. diplomats angered.

MIG-19's have already arrived at the airfield. They were brought into Tanzania by ship in crates, according to the "source". This information also comes from his "informants".

A key to how some of this information is gathered is contained in this statement in Hayward's report: "Commercial airlines and private fliers now operating in Tanzania expect soon to be ordered to keep their distance from the military airfield and to re-route their flights in order to avoid the area."

The same writer reports on the construction of a new naval base in the Dar es Salaam area of Tanzania that is equipped with

small gunboats "of the type used by the Chinese for their own coastal defenses". The naval base was built with the assistance of China also, as was a naval repair facility on the nearby island of Zanzibar.

The writer points up the fact that Chinese military advisers are in Tanzania advising and training the Tanzanian military in technical matters. He fails to note that these advisers replaced British "military advisers" which, prior to Tanzania's independence controlled the meager military force permitted in the territory, and that after independence wanted to stay on to sabotage the creation of a genuinely African-controlled military machine.

Finally, Hayward writes: "It is considered virtually certain the Chinese also are helping anti-Portuguese FRELIMO (Front for the Liberation of Mozambique) guerrilla activities against adjacent Mozambique by providing training and weapons."

It is inconceivable to *The Christian Science Monitor* correspondent and to U.S. diplomats and spies in Tanzania that Chinese assistance to Tanzania is without political, military and economic strings. But Tanzanians report that this is, in fact, the case. Apparently the Chinese understand that the best way to make a friend is to be a friend.

RHODESIAN TRIBE FIGHTS FORCED RELOCATION

The following article, reprinted from the British newspaper, the Manchester Guardian, tells the story of a unique resistance movement by the Tangwena tribe in Zimbabwe [Rhodesia] against the racist, apartheid policies of Ian Smith's White settler government. The Tangwena people's refusal to move from their ancestral homeland is being fully supported by the Zimbabwe African National Liberation Army [ZANLA] guerrillas through diversionary tactics and direct intervention. Together, their overall liberation movement sweeping across Zimbabwe and all of southern Africa.

(Salisbury, Rhodesia) - The defiant Tangwena tribe in Rhodesia's mountainous eastern border area has become a symbol of Black resistance to the White man's racial legislation. Police, troops and the courts have been used to try to break the Tangwena spirit. The pressure has failed.

At issue are a few square miles of mountain near the territory of Mozambique. It is the Tangwena ancestral homeland, and it includes the tribal burial ground.

By African tradition, it belongs to grey-bearded Chief Rekayi and his people. By White law, it is designated as a European area in terms of the Land Tenure Act, and the Tangwenas can remain only as servants of a White man.

For both sides, important principles are at stake. The Tangwenas' is expressed simply by Chief Rekayi:

"We have to live here. The spirits of our ancestors are in these hills, and our chiefs are buried in the mountains. We will never leave these hills. It is our home and we would rather be killed than live elsewhere."

White Rhodesians feel no less strongly about the necessity of moving the tribe. The law says that the Tangwenas are simply squatters. Hundreds of thousands of Africans in other parts of Rhodesia have been moved from their homes to designated "Black" areas. If they weaken for the Tangwenas, then they believe they invite resistance from other Africans.

So, on at least six occasions since 1968, police and troops have been sent up the winding dust road to the Tangwena Kraal, to arrest anyone they can catch, scatter the others, burn the village to the ground and destroy the crops. The Tangwenas no longer have cattle. These were seized by the authorities long ago and sold off at an auction. More than 100 of their children have been taken into Salisbury by the social welfare authorities and are being held in the capital - 90 miles from the mountains where their parents are hiding in caves and grass shelters.

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TAN/ZAM RAILWAY REACHES BORDER

President KENNETH KAUNDA [center in white suit] of Zambia and President JULIUS NYERERE [on Kaunda's left] at celebrations marking the reaching of the Tan/Zam railway to Tunduma on the Tanzania/Zambia border. The railway is being built with assistance from China on an interest free loan of 143 million Tanzanian pounds. The loan spans a ten year period to end in 1977, followed by a five year grace period with repayments shared equally by Tanzania and Zambia over the next 30 years.

INTERVIEW WITH ZIMBABWE REVOLUTIONARY

PART 2

(San Francisco) - Last week's issue of THE BLACK PANTHER carried the first part of a two-part report of a press conference held here recently by M. Mudzi, External Affairs Secretary of the Zimbabwe African National Union (ZANU). Part II follows:

□□□□

QUESTION: During the time of UDI (Unilateral Declaration of Independence) there was a great deal of discussion in this country about the notion of kith and kin; the British and Rhodesians were cousins or brothers. Do you feel that the White settlers in Rhodesia have no place else to go, that this is their home, that they have always been here (Rhodesia)?

This is a very persuasive argument in the international arena and served to create a great deal of international sympathy for what is considered the plight of the Rhodesians. Do you feel this type of international sympathy for what is considered the plight of the Rhodesians? Do you feel this type of international sympathy would force a type of compromise? Do you see that as a possibility and what does your Party feel about any kind of compromise settlement with the Rhodesian or Smith regime?

MUDZI: As far as my Party is concerned, I will say no. ZANU will not accept any compromise. As far as ZANU is concerned, it is fighting against the evils of the minority regime, the discriminatory laws they are imposing on us.

We have discovered that to say, "Those laws should be repealed", will not pay. The only thing is that we have got to carry out a revolution that changes everything. After changing, after we regain our country, the settlers will have to accept the type of government we set up in Zimbabwe, which will involve socialism. If they accept this they would be allowed to stay.

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

GULF FINDS MAJOR OIL FIELDS IN ANGOLA

(Cabinda, Angola) - The Gulf Oil Company has stumbled upon what is believed to be one of the biggest oil finds in recent years, *The Observer* of England has

reported. The field lies on the west coast of Africa, in Cabinda, a part of the Portuguese colony of Angola.

The major problem Gulf is

having in utilizing the oil find is that Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) guerrillas are in Cabinda battling Portuguese troops. To get the oil out, Gulf has had to collaborate with the Portuguese in an attempt to rout the MPLA from Cabinda.

Gulf will not divulge the total size of the field, but oil industry sources believe it is very large. In fact, because of the size of the Cabinda find, President Nixon is reportedly not at all worried about the Arab oil boycott.

The only official recognition of the find appeared in Gulf's journal, *Orange Disc*, which reported that some of its wells pumping crude oil discovered off the coast of Cabinda "are among the most prolific south of the Middle East". Gulf officials already refer to the find as "the new Kuwait". Other evidence of the find's huge dimensions is provided by the rush of oil companies bidding for neighboring concessions.

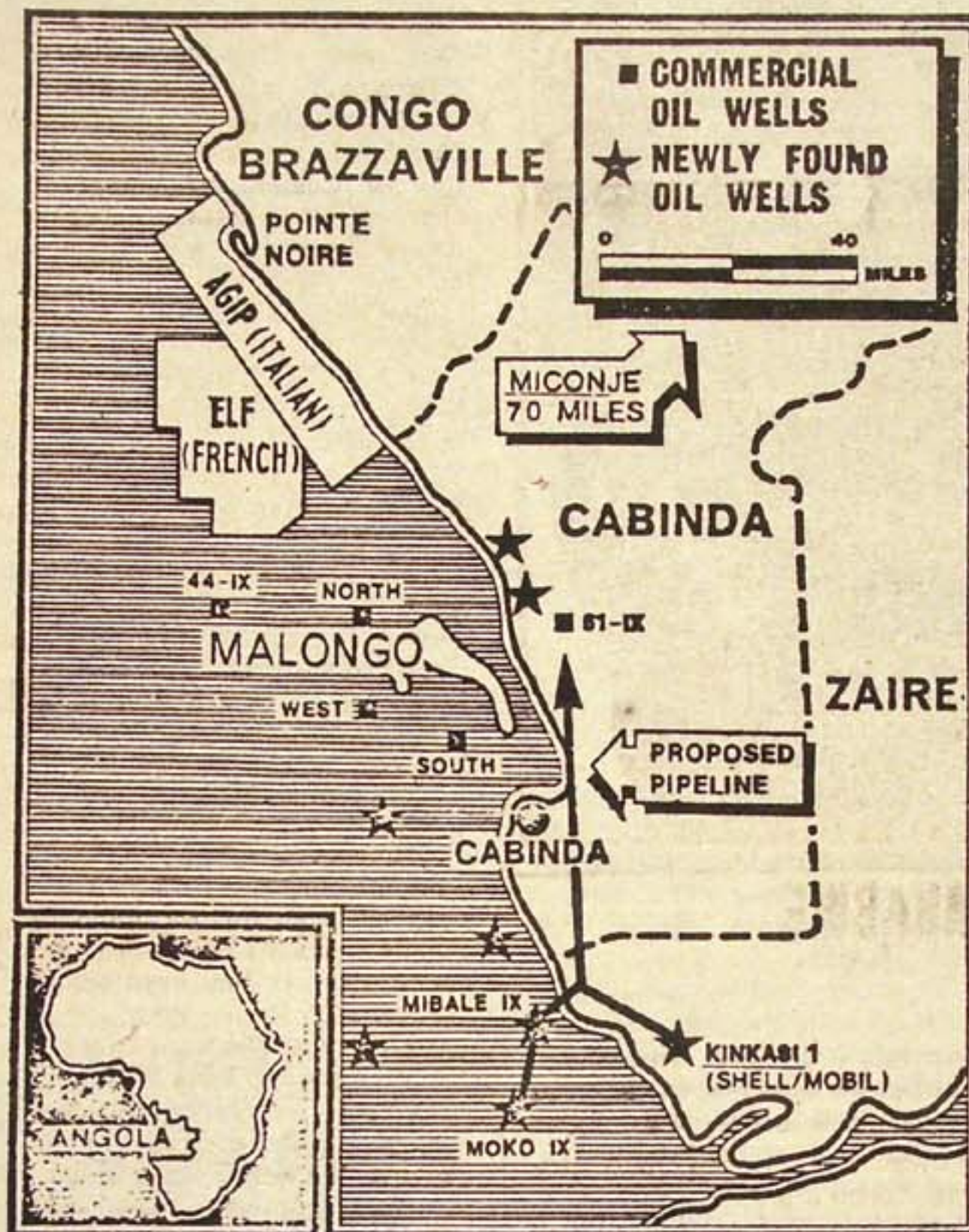
SMALL QUANTITIES

Gulf has for some years been shipping small quantities of oil from the Cabinda fields to the U.S. Officially, the company only admits to certain small findings; however, a map produced by Gulf and obtained by *The Observer* shows seven unadmitted fields, two of which are already engaged in production.

Gulf has been silent about the new finds in an apparent attempt to hide their importance, particularly from the MPLA. Secret Portuguese military maps that have reached *The Observer* reveal that the MPLA has been fighting the Portuguese with considerable success and the MPLA reportedly now possesses sophisticated Soviet SAM-7 surface to air missiles.

Serious doubts have arisen about whether a proposed Cabinda pipeline could be successfully built and defended from the activities of the MPLA. The guerrillas have recently stepped up their operations in Cabinda and are now able to launch attacks within a short distance of the proposed pipeline.

Just this past October 24, the MPLA attacked the main Portuguese garrison of Miconje, 10 miles inside Cabinda. After five days of fighting, the Portuguese had to bring in aircraft to evacuate their few surviving troops.



RHODESIAN TRIBE

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 15

A new phase in the Rhodesian campaign against the Tangwenas began in July last year when helicopter-borne police with dogs launched an early morning raid. Ten tribesmen were arrested, but several hundred others scattered into the mountains. The official plan was simply to try to starve the tribesmen out.

A detachment of African police, with White officers, pitched camp on the site of the destroyed village, and showed no signs of moving. Occasional searches for Tangwenas were made in the surrounding area. It was hoped that eventually the tribe would get tired of an uncomfortable, cold existence and would give up. The government has prepared an alternative site for them in a designated "Black" area.

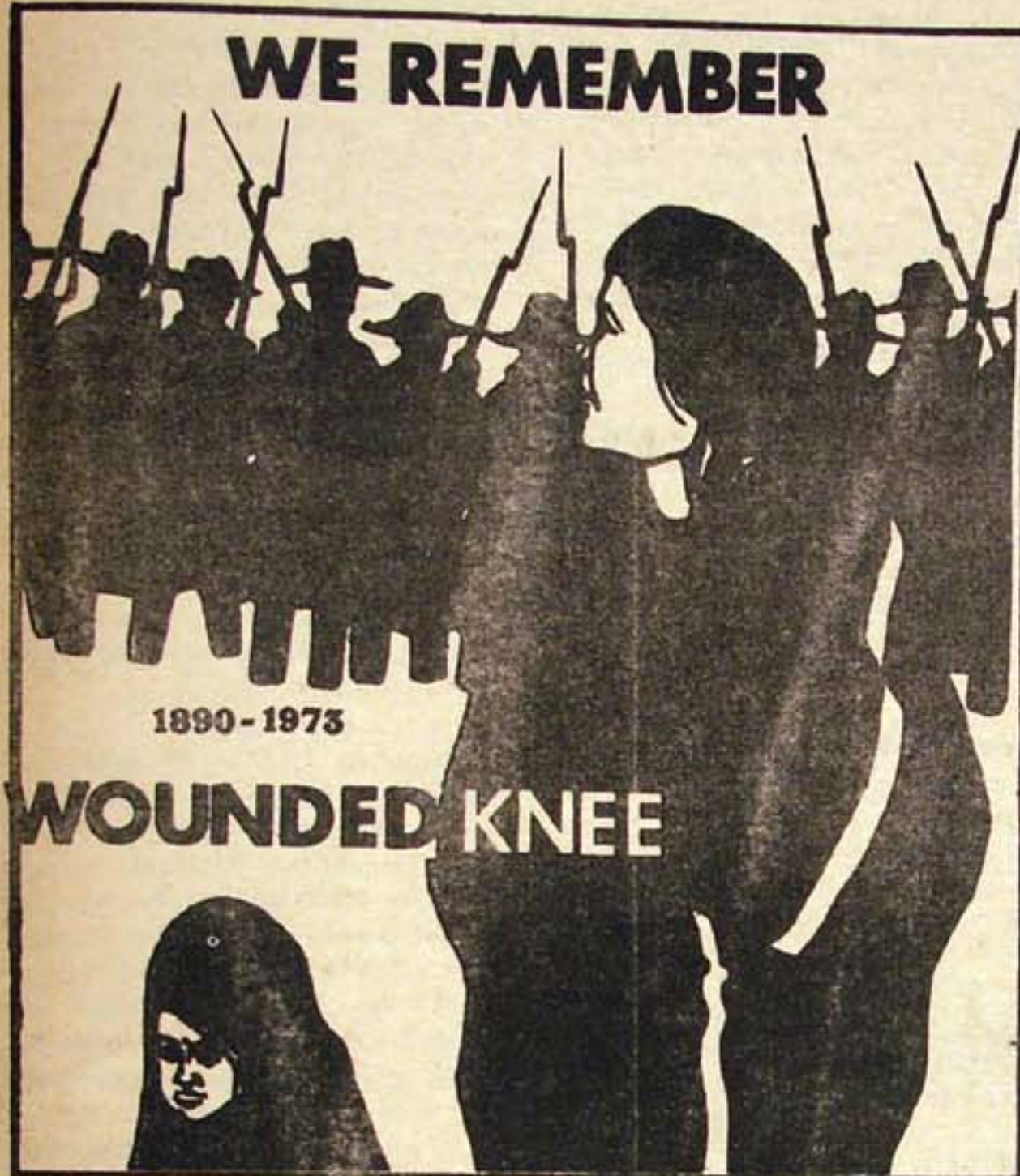
Then last December, guerrillas in northeast Rhodesia — only a few miles from the Tangwena land — began staging hit-and-run raids on selected civilian and military targets. The police detachment at Tangwena Kraal was needed for more important duties, and pulled out.

They had not been gone long before the tribe came drifting back from their hiding places to rebuild the village.

In August, the authorities moved in again. The village was once more destroyed and crops were ruined. The Tangwenas are back in hiding, and the police are carrying out flashlight searches of the mountains at night. Reports from the area say that the detachment camped on the site of the village looks set for a long stay — in spite of the continuing guerrilla situation in the northeast and the demands on security manpower which have led to the military call-up of middle-aged White civilians.

WOUNDED KNEE - RELATED

FIRST CUSTER COURTHOUSE CASE BEGINS



RUSSELL MEANS, DENNIS BANKS ACCUSED IN FBI SHOOTING

(Sioux Falls, So. Dakota) - The first case connected with the Custer courthouse demonstration is scheduled to begin this month. David Hill, the first to be tried of the 19 Custer defendants, is charged with assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to kill, riot where arson was committed and conspiracy to commit arson.

In Custer, on February 6, 1973, Native Americans protesting the failure of authorities to prosecute Whites responsible for the murder of an Indian activist were attacked by marshalls. The Custer courthouse was burned down and many demonstrators were arrested.

This trial will be the first of any Wounded Knee-related cases to occur. A victory will provide the defense with the needed strength for winning the remaining Custer cases.

The Wounded Knee Legal Defense/Offense Committee filed a motion, calling for dismissal of all the cases on the grounds of conflict of interest in relationship to John Fitzgerald, a former co-counsel for the defense being hired by the Attorney General.

Fitzgerald was an attorney in the public defenders office in Rapid City, who offered help to the attorneys of the Wounded Knee Legal Defense Committee (WKLD/OC). He played an important part in the defense of the Custer cases; participating in trial strategy, developing pretrial motions and making suggestions based on his experience of law practice in South Dakota.

TRIAL COUNSEL

John Fitzgerald accepted the job as chief trial counsel for the South Dakota Attorney General's office, although he will not be the prosecutor for the Custer cases and has "promised" not to divulge any information of the defense.

In related WKLD/OC affairs, the government has charged Russell Means, Dennis Banks and others with the Wounded Knee shootings of an F.B.I. agent and U.S. marshall, although these two government officials now admit, for the first time, they do not know who actually shot them. They do not claim that any of the defendants charged did the shooting. Most evidence supports the conclusion that both officials were shot by federal agents or provocateurs outside the occupied Wounded Knee compound last spring.

INTERVIEW WITH ZIMBABWE REVOLUTIONARY

CONTINUED FROM LAST PAGE

But, he or she who will not accept this surely is free to leave and we will provide them with the means to leave as fast as they can. We really believe that we must change the society and then when we have changed the society we shall be able to play our role on the international arena. Therefore, there won't be any compromises as far as ZANU is concerned.

We know that Ian Smith, the British government, the American government are manipulating to see that certain minor African parties try to strike a compromise settlement. But they cannot do that. Smith is only agreeing to talk with ANC because there is armed struggle going on. He thinks by so doing he'll fool the people of Zimbabwe into believing liberation in Zimbabwe will come through constitutional means. But we know this is not going to happen. If ANC feels this is the way things will come about it is living in a fool's paradise.

QUESTION: There are troops menacing the borders of Zambia. What effect would the completion of the Tam-Zam railroad have on the liberation struggle?

MUDZI: It is quite true. There are troops on the border and many have come from South Africa. About 10,000 South African troops are within Zimbabwe and others inside Mozambique. They were recently brought in because they found that we are very effective.

I feel the Tam-Zam railroad will have a great impact on the liberation struggle of the whole of southern Africa. It will be of great use to our struggle because Zambia is a land-locked country whose exports and imports used to go through Rhodesia.

When the railroad is finished Zambia will direct all its imports and exports through Tanzania. By so doing, it will be denying Rhodesia and South Africa foreign currency. This will weaken the position of the minority, racist regimes in southern Africa.

QUESTIONS: In your travels through the United States what has been your sense of support for the Zimbabwe liberation struggle among Black and White people?

MUDZI: The response of those to whom I have spoken has been

very favorable. But one waits to see the practical side of it. I would like to say, too, that even before my coming here, there were certain groups who were aware of our struggle and have been contributing, collecting clothing, medical supplies and other things like that. We were receiving them in small quantities, but after talking to these groups I have found that there are many who are interested. I hope they will be able to provide us with some funds, clothing, medical supplies and other things which are necessary for the liberation of Zimbabwe.

Besides, I think that people here have a duty to mobilize themselves and raise their consciousness about the war going on in my country by fighting against the imperialists here; weaken the imperialists here who are supporting the colonialists in my country.

People here should demonstrate and make representations to their congressmen to see that the Byrd amendment (authorizing the import of chrome ore from Rhodesia) is repealed. I know it is in the process of coming before the House of Representatives. The sooner you are active on it the sooner the congressman will be able to follow the demands of the people.



M. MUDZI, External Affairs Secretary of the Zimbabwe African National Union [ZANU].



Chilean workers carrying weapons against Chile's fascist military shortly after the overthrow of Allende. Many who protested the regime have been killed.

POPULAR RESISTANCE MOUNTS IN CHILE

PUBLIC PROTESTS OF FASCIST REGIME'S TERROR GROW

(Santiago, Chile) - Open opposition to Chile's military regime is growing daily and new forms of resistance are emerging, reliable sources in Chile report. Despite the intense terror of the government, Chile's people are beginning to publicly discuss and protest against the oppression.

Forbidden, freshly-painted slogans of protest are appearing on walls in Santiago, the country's capital. Women in the buses loudly protest high prices and low wages. Men in bars do not hide their belief that conditions were better under the former government of Salvador Allende.

FOREIGNERS

Chileans approach foreigners and tell them about what they have experienced and what they think is going to occur and ask them to make the truth known abroad. They protest despite that fact that a Chilean's life is in great danger if the police discover he has spoken against the regime.

Non-cooperation is a type of widespread resistance. In the working class district of Santiago, the military couldn't find anyone willing to serve on the neighborhood council, a local governing body. In another instance a Christian Democrat professor refused to accept the post of Dean of the Faculty at a university.

Resistance ranges from spreading derogatory jokes about

the military (of which there are many) to finding foreign embassies to act as a sanctuary for people in danger of being arrested, a daily occurrence.

More active forms of resistance include underground organizing in the community and at work. A countrywide liberation movement is being organized. Regional links between radical political parties, broken by the regime's terror, are being reconstructed. Information is being gathered and communicated and resources are being created and channelled.

Urban guerrilla activity has increased in frequency and effectiveness. Rural guerrilla bases have been established in two southern mountain regions. The

The Chilean people are organizing against the repression of the regime. They now criticize the military dictatorship in public.



military has admitted not being able to capture the guerrilla's weapons.

There has also been a series of commando actions, the most spectacular of which was an attack on the Santiago residence of one of the military dictators, Torribio Merino. The guerrillas shot their way into the house, but the admiral was not there. The commandos, amazingly, escaped with no losses.

Initially, the military junta had intended to recover some lost popularity by lifting the curfew for the holiday season. But, fearing massive attacks on military installations during the holidays, they have imposed a more severe curfew instead.

RESISTANCE

Among the organizations participating in the resistance is the Chilean Communist Party. Its strategy is to create alliances which will force an early return to civilian government. Negotiations between the Communists and the Christian Democrats (another political party active in the resistance) for the formation of a national front of all democratic forces continue.

The Christian Democrats' newspaper, *La Presno*, has begun criticizing government policy and entering into political arguments with major government newspaper, *El Mercurio*. Despite the military's attempts to destroy liberal radical organizations, the documents published by the Christian Democrats have become more outspoken in opposing the regime.

The visible discontent of the people is growing from all indications said the sources in Chile, and a full-scale liberation movement is fast emerging.

THE BLACK PANTHER thanks the organization Non-Intervention in Chile (NICH) for the information contained in the above article.

Africa In Focus

LAKE CHAD

The four African countries that border on Lake Chad --Niger, Nigeria, Cameroon and Chad -- have declared the lake basin a disaster area because of the current drought and have agreed to cooperate in the region's development. Presidents Hamani Diori of Niger, Yakubu Gowon of Nigeria, Ahmadou Ahidjo of Cameroon and Ngarta Tombalbaye of Chad met recently in Yaounde, the capital of Cameroon, and agreed to work together in seeking international aid for the long-term development of the lake region's fisheries, livestock and farming potential.

THE VATICAN

Emperor Haile Selassie of Ethiopia, President Gaafar Al Numeiry of Sudan, Foreign Minister James Greene of Liberia and Foreign Minister Vernon Mwanaga of Zambia conferred at length last week with Pope Paul VI in Rome on the future status of Jerusalem. Jerusalem, which is holy to the three religions of Christianity, Islam and Judaism, is now under military occupation by Israel, and the Israeli government has announced its intention to maintain exclusive control of the city. The four African leaders reportedly told the Pope that Jerusalem should not "be under the exclusive control of one religion only".

EGYPT

Ministers of Industry of 15 African countries recently concluded a six-day conference in Cairo on Industry and Development in Africa. The major theme of the conference was the search for joint measures for increasing self-reliance in industrial development in Africa since the major industrialized countries have failed to assist the industrialization of independent African countries. Among the measures decided upon were uniform laws for conditions of investment in African countries, increased domestic processing of African natural resources, trans-African road and rail networks to serve landlocked countries, the interchange of know-how and the creation of regional and sub-regional institutes for industrial research and standardization, the establishment of pilot plants and the creation of joint rural development plans. The conference was sponsored by the Organization of African Unity, the United Nations Economic Commission for Africa and the U.N. Industrial Development Organization.

SUPREME COURT AND LEAA

POLICE GET NEW POWERS AS "WAR ON CRIME" GETS HOT

(Washington, D. C.) - Continuing to provide the legal underpinnings for this country's growing police state apparatus, the U.S. Supreme Court has recently granted policemen broad new powers in searching arrested persons.

In twin 6 to 3 rulings involving Florida and District of Columbia traffic violations, the court said that as long as the arrest itself is legal, policemen can "thoroughly search" the suspect's clothing and body, and the person can be prosecuted if evidence of another offense is discovered.

Justice William Rehnquist, writing the court's majority opinion, conceded that while a quick "pat-down" search would, in most cases be sufficient, the court felt it was wiser to give the police broader discretionary powers. He added "a search incident (along with) the arrest requires no additional justification", if the police had "probable cause" to make the arrest.

Rehnquist's written opinion also, in thinly-veiled words, warned lower court judges to halt their inquiries into the circumstances of police searches. Instead, Rehnquist, one of the four conservative Nixon appointees to high court, called for giving the police "complete discretion" on making their decision to search or not.

The task of giving the latest rash of police-supportive Supreme Court rulings a practical, on-the-streets application, is being amply fulfilled by a new and little-known government agency, the Law Enforcement Assistance Agency (LEAA). THE BLACK PANTHER thanks *Pacific News Service* for the information contained in the following article:

President Nixon's "war on crime" is beginning to look more like a war every day. The 40,000 local police departments scattered throughout the country constitute its front lines and a little-known governmental agency, the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA), is fast becoming its central command post.

A creation of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, LEAA is the fastest growing agency in the U.S. government. Already it has doled out almost \$2.5 billion to "improve" local law enforcement. From computerized data banking of intelligence information to highly sophisticated surveillance

equipment, LEAA is planting the seeds of local law enforcement tastes for the next decade. Its funding has already had a dramatic effect on U.S. industries.

Corporations which previously filled multi-million dollar Defense Department contracts are now entering the police technology business at a feverish pace. IBM, General Electric, Sylvania, Westinghouse, Motorola, RCA and Zenith are merely a few of the corporations which are involved in the lucrative business of making war on the criminal.

The market for law enforcement equipment is rising rapidly.

Helicopters are but one of a number of equipment snowballs started by LEAA seed grants. As of late 1971, 79 police departments in 28 states had a total of 173 helicopters in use. These craft are being equipped with



New police equipment tramples people's rights.

radios, searchlights, combination public address and siren systems, as well as video tape cameras and night vision equipment. LEAA has also spent \$440,000 for a helicopter pilot training school in Alabama.

But LEAA seems to have no intention of directing this arsenal of advanced weaponry against organized crime. In fiscal year 1971, the research arm of LEAA expended a token 2.7% of their funds for planning and development of programs aimed at combating organized crime. Likewise only 3% of LEAA "action grants" were designated in this area.

In California, for instance, while nine out of the ten LEAA categories saw their appropriations jump between 1970 and 1971, organized crime programs (already the smallest category)



Many unjust police practices are now protected by law. The rights of the individual are diminishing under the Nixon Supreme Court.

had a drop of almost \$200,000 in their appropriations.

These funding allotments outline the strategic priorities of LEAA. As Richard Speigman, a University of California criminologist, points out: "With President Nixon cutting out social programs right and left, with unemployment high and prices for food and rent skyrocketing, people are bound to turn to crime."

"STREET CRIMINAL"

It is this "criminal on the street" rather than organized crime which is the real focus of LEAA.

LEAA has used its discretionary funding powers to put a high priority on surveillance. The logic of these grants is that any project which promises to help prevent or fight crime is acceptable, whatever its implications for civil liberties.

An experimental surveillance program underway in Mt. Vernon, New York, is the product of a special \$74,000 LEAA grant. The police in this suburb have installed GTE Sylvania-developed low-light-level television cameras above their city streets. The equipment can rotate on a 360 degree axis and display a man-sized object in extreme darkness from more than one half mile away. LEAA is obviously pleased with the program because similar projects in San Jose, Tampa, New York, Hoboken and other cities have been initiated.

The local LEAA people in Indiana came up with another surveillance scheme. The proposed plan called for the hiring of "rumor monitors" or "individuals who know their neighborhoods well." These monitors would report on potentially "dangerous situations" and suspicious characters.

Asked in an interview if this might not lead to a spy network, William Greenman, Indiana State Planning Director for LEAA responded, "That's what it could amount to...we might not be able

to trust our neighbors after a while..."

LEAA is helping to foster a desire within local police departments to develop methods of storing and easily retrieving the increased amount of data they are accumulating. By 1975, LEAA's plans call for all the various state and local data banks to feed into a massive national file run by the FBI.

The data banks were initially intended for use by the various police agencies to attain instant access to information on suspects. But it seems that their use will not be nearly so limited. The Secret Service, IRS, the Bureau of Customs, U.S. attorneys, federally insured banks, hospitals and



New weapons being pulled from trunk.

insurance companies are among the not so select few which will have access to the FBI's detailed files.

Using money as a lever, LEAA is slowly molding America's local police forces into something very closely resembling a sophisticated domestic military apparatus. Remarks an LEAA-sponsored study about this trend: "Only time will tell if citizens will object to a 'Big Brother' type atmosphere."

BARBEE COMMENTS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7

class. Professor Raines uses \$25,000.00 annual income as the "take-off point for making it in the U.S." No wonder Black Americans were unimpressed with Watenberg and Scammons published findings.

A system which is so unequal that the top owns such a disproportionate amount of wealth and which is controlled by an even smaller group must be seen realistically. The poor are encouraged to survive in the hopes that they will thrive. The middle class looks down upon the poor and looks up at the top in the hope that they will be with the one percenters and winners.

Whether one opts for reform or revolution, a change must be brought about. The easiest solutions appear to be the hardest: Redistribution of the wealth of this country on the basis of need; regulations which will prevent individuals and corporations from hoarding wealth, abusing natural and manufactured resources, upsetting ecological balance, and committing inhuman acts toward minorities.

When the "middle class" wakes up sufficiently to realize that its true interest does not lie with America's 1% greedy, crass materialists, it may become more humane and sensitive to gross injustices meted out consistently to poor people. If they continue to sleep while the really wealthy burn and strip this country of its material and human resources, the poor will have to revolt and take their fair share of the goods and services for a just society. More hope lies in this direction, in my view.

FARMWORKERS ILLNESSES INCREASE

(Sacramento, Calif.) - State agricultural scientists in Sacramento report that the number of California farmworkers, mostly Mexican-American, suffering illnesses as a result of exposure to pesticides has increased 25 percent since 1971.

Write Us

THE BLACK PANTHER is your newspaper, so let us know what you think about the opinions expressed in our columns. Write us. The Editor and staff are eager to know your reactions. As space permits we will share your letters with our readers.



Prisoner struggles to obtain basic human rights are always met with repression.

WINDSOR PRISON GUARD DOPE RING EXPOSED

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7

At this meeting, the warden informed the prisoner representatives that, due to staff shortages (as of October 10, several guards had already offered their

resignations), all privileges must be cut, effective immediately, without discussion.

To place this action in its proper perspective, one must realize that these privileges had already been reduced as a result of the July 8 riot.

The representatives of C Block left the meeting and organized among residents of C Block for a passive resistance strike. Said VPSC: "This strike is a peaceful means of expressing our outrage at what is an unreasonable move...The warden refuses to treat us as men, in return, we refuse to crawl for him..."

The morning of October 16, the Vermont State Police were on constant alert outside Windsor State Prison.

During the strike, a constitution was ratified by members of the VPSC. It clarified their grievances and demands and clearly showed their dismay and outrage towards Windsor that went beyond the recently withheld privileges.

On Saturday, October 20, the Solidarity Committee sent a message to Governor Thomas Salmon of Vermont requesting that a citizens investigating panel enter the Windsor complex to review and investigate the grievances of the members of the VPSC. Governor Salmon's approval was never granted.

The following day, October 21, Woodmanson, LeBlanc, Allen and Clothey were hauled off to Windsor's Special Adjustment Unit (SAU)-- the "hole". Unfortunately, due to the removal of these four prison inmate leaders, the strike in C Block ended prematurely.

As an aftermath to this strike and subsequent allegations made against the guards at Windsor Prison concerning a narcotics ring, an investigation by States Attorney Paul F. Hudson is now under way.

STATES ATTORNEY INVESTIGATES

Mr. Hudson has reserved comment at this time but it was confirmed, from a staff associate of the States Attorney that "Warden Moeykens did call for an investigation into the security at Windsor State Prison." One source has speculated that, "other pertinent information, taped conversations, of narcotic deals may have been given to a third party by the inmates before the shakedown on October 10th", which makes it possible that Mr. Hudson is now in search of the still outstanding evidence. A resident of C Block speculated: "The warden is covering-up at least four members of his staff that were involved in the narcotics ring, as they are still employed by Windsor Prison." If this is true, the remaining tapes will illustrate this to the public.

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BIRTHDAY GREETINGS, COMRADE MAO TSE-TUNG

BORN: DECEMBER 26, 1893

On this tiny globe

A few flies dash themselves against the wall,

Humming without cease,

Sometimes shrilling,

Sometimes moaning.

Ants on the locust tree assume a great nation swagger

And mayflies lightly plot to topple the giant tree.

The west wind scatters leaves over Changan,

And the arrows are flying, twanging.

So many deeds cry out to be done,

And always urgently;

The world rolls on,

Time presses.

Ten thousand years are too long,

Seize the day, seize the hour!

The Four Seas are rising, clouds and waters raging,

The five Continents are rocking, wind and thunder roaring.

Away with all pests!

Our force is irresistible.

Chairman Mao Tse-tung
People's Republic of China

COMMON GROUND

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 11

But, at the end, the British Empire in a dialectical way served the emergence of new nations by first forcing them into subjugation and then tempering it with a kind of identity as members of the empire. It thus showed them the way to rebellion and a new national identity. Similarly, I feel, this country may prove to have served the emergence of new communal images, based, in the last analysis, on what the immigrants came here for in the first place.

That is exactly what makes the identity of our Black citizens so central to the future of America and to that of a wider identity anywhere. For as America exports its dreams along with its goods, it must admit that it failed to share the same goods and the same dreams with those whom it forced to come here and whom it forced to serve those in power. Yet, as we said, nobody can really find his most adult identity by denying it to others; nor, for that matter, can those who were denied that identity find it by seeking another communality, unless it be one that transcends as well as embraces the old one.

So we will be interested in knowing what kind of world organization you foresee for your intercommunalism. What will be the smallest units and what the largest? And if I may end with a

question which interests me right now to the point that I go around like Diogenes with a flashlight, what kind of adult, what kind of mature citizen, do you visualize as the intercommunalist? I know that we have been so preoccupied with the sons who want to kill their fathers that we have failed to take a really good look at the fathers who, always again, sacrifice their sons, who cast gods into the images of superfathers so that

they will sanction the sacrifices of the sons. Maybe the adult partaking in a world-wide identity will need neither a father-image nor a god figure in that compensatory sense, but only an ideal of maturity as the symbolic guarantor of a universal adulthood. This, too, we must discuss in historical perspective.

I talked a long time, but then so did you!

TO BE CONTINUED NEXT WEEK



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	5 - 7 yrs.	5 - 7 yrs.	8 - older		any age child
	5:00 - 7:00				
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ENTERTAINMENT & SPORTS



[San Francisco, Calif.] - Tennessee State University defensive tackle, EDDIE JONES [left], voted Defensive Player of the Year at the 1973 Black College All-American Football Team Awards Luncheon in New York recently, shakes hands with Jackson State University running back, WALTER PAYTON, voted Offensive Player of the Year.



Jones [#80 in inset] spearheaded the 35-7 victory of the East squad over the West last week in Candlestick Park here, in the 49th Annual East/West Football Classic.

ZAIRE SOCCER TEAM WINS BIG

Zaire's World Cup soccer team, which beat Morocco, 3-0, to qualify for the finals in Munich next June, learned early last week that it had won more than just an entry in the final leg.

President Mobutu Sese Seko said each player would receive a car as a gift, a foreign holiday in the country of his choice and a loan to buy a house.

CALIFORNIA ADULT AUTHORITY

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 3

However, with the practice of the indeterminant sentence, placing the total responsibility of parole in the hands of the Adult Authority, which is answerable to no state agency, the prison inmates have no hope. Tensions, antagonisms and violence are the natural result.

The Adult Authority, claiming to represent and speak for the community, is made up solely of former "law enforcement officers". The present head of the Authority is the former Deputy Chief of the Oakland Police Department. "These people don't represent the community", the prison inmates here insist. "They rather represent the most reactionary, bigoted, business

DALLAS CHAPTER

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 4

wholesale at greatly reduced costs. We will also organize collective Free Food programs for families and for children whenever needed.

"The problem of rats and roaches can be tackled by the system of rotating exterminating equipment. We will save the cost of paying exterminators by doing this ourselves. Tenants need unions to be able to deal with hostile landlords. We will help them with their complaints.

"Other programs we are implementing are: Tutoring Programs for Students, Escort Programs for our Senior Citizens, Assistance in Job Hunting, a Complaint Center for Police Brutality Grievances, Free Community Day Care Centers, Community Schools for High School Drop-outs or Expellees.

"This oppressive system makes it necessary for us to organize our own programs for survival."

The Dallas Chapter of the Black Panther Party is located at 4503 Metropolitan, Dallas, Texas. ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE

ARAB-EUROPE OIL DEAL

(Beirut, Lebanon) - Britain and France were both reported to be negotiating deals with Saudi Arabia for huge amounts of oil. In exchange, the two countries will provide the oil-rich Middle Eastern country with modern weapons and industrial machinery.

establishment interests of the community, which is only a fraction of the total community."

When genuine representatives of the communities from which the prison inmates come express their unanimous desire for the return of their incarcerated brothers and sisters, the Adult Authority ignores their request. Robert Wesley Wells is Vacaville's most striking example. David Hilliard, is another. Both have recently been again denied parole by the Adult Authority.

For years his peers in his community have demanded the parole of Robert Wells, for 48 years an inmate of California prisons for a minor infraction of the law that no one can now remember. The community has been ignored and Robert Wells has repeatedly been refused parole. "In what way does society gain by keeping this 67-year-old man in prison", his colleagues at Vacaville ask.

David Hilliard, convicted of a crime he did not commit by a politically-inspired prosecutor, judge and jury, was for the third time refused parole by the Adult Authority, which alleges that David's release "would be a danger to the community". This despite the fact that petitions bearing 50,000 signatures from David's community and hundreds of letters from outstanding leaders in all walks of community life appealed to the Authority for his release on parole.

The California Adult Authority must be made answerable to the community, the Vacaville prison inmates insist. This is only possible if the Adult Authority members truly represent the community, rather than a minority segment of the community. A radical change in the composition of the Adult Authority and a review of Adult Authority decisions by a responsible and responsive agency of the people are the only real assurances that violence in California prisons will be reduced.

BLACK WORLD FESTIVAL

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5

The second category encompasses the traditional European art forms, such as classical music and ballet.

The third category recognizes the artistic value of many aspects of the everyday lives of Black people. Into this category falls "street culture" including the arts of hair braiding and rapping.

The last category anticipates Black people's ability to create

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their own art forms and only requires that any new forms or concepts presented be based on the African traditional forms and/or African-American traditional modes.

Financing for the regional and national festivals will be through a number of fundraising activities. Although participants will have to make their own arrangements to exhibit at the regional festival, those selected to participate in the national and international festivals will have their expenses paid by the regional and national committees, respectfully.



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(Being Implemented)

Provides free dental check-ups, treatment and an educational program for dental hygiene.

PEOPLE'S FREE OPTOMETRY PROGRAM

(Being Implemented)

Provides free eye examinations, treatment and eyeglasses for the people.

FREE FOOD PROGRAM

Provides free food to Black and other oppressed people.

FREE BREAKFAST PROGRAM

Provides children a free nourishing hot breakfast every school morning.

FOOD COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Provides food for the people through community participation and community cooperative buying.

PEOPLE'S FREE COMMUNITY EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM

Provides free job-finding services to poor and oppressed people.

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Provides Black and other oppressed children with a scientific method of thinking about and analyzing things. This method develops basic skills for living in this society.

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Provides children free supplementary educational facilities and materials to promote a correct view of their role in the society and provides support for the Music and Dance programs of the Intercommunal Youth Institute.

SENIORS AGAINST A FEARFUL ENVIRONMENT [S.A.F.E.] PROGRAM

Provides free transportation and escort service for senior citizens to and from community banks on the first of each month.

GIVE OUR YOUTH A CHANCE!



The Community Learning Center, newly-opened at 6118 E. 14th Street, Oakland, has begun a free music Program for Black and oppressed youth of all ages. Under the direction of noted artist Charles Moffett, the program has already produced a fantastic 22-piece band, the Intercommunal Youth Band, as well as a Combo, Ensemble, Jazz Trio and Tiny Tots Rhythm Band. The Intercommunal Youth Band specializes in Big Band orchestral music. The Combo and Ensemble specialize in Rock 'n Roll and Jazz.

The children of this extremely successful program can continue their musical education only if the program receives enough funds to sustain its expenses. In order to raise these funds, the Intercommunal Youth Band, as well as the other Music Program groups (Combo, Ensemble and Jazz Trio), have made themselves available for bookings at parties, banquets, concerts and other social functions.

All proceeds from this self-reliant effort by our youth go to the Educational Opportunities Corporation, a non-profit group which sponsors the program. All donations are tax-deductable.

For information on booking any of the Bands, come to the Community Learning Center, 6118 E. 14th Street, or call: (415) 562-5261 and ask for the Programs Department.

